Dont Forget the
NEW DRUG STORE
Our motto is quality first and always. Physicians Prescriptions and Family Recipes a Specialty.
F. W. FAWCETT & CO
49 Government St.

The Daily Colonist.

WELLINGTON COLLIERIES
COAL
Hall, Goepel & Company
Telephone 83
100 Government Street

VOL. LXXXI.--NO. 88 VICTORIA B. C. FRIDAY MARCH 24 1899 FORTY-SECOND YEAR

NEW SASH BELTS
AT
Challoner & Mitchell's
TELEPHONE 675. JEWELLERS 47 Government St

GOODERHAM & WORTS'
CELEBRATED
WHISKY
Is Sold at the
Stores of the
HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY,

GOODERHAM & WORTS'
"SPECIAL" 1884 WHISKY
Is the
Oldest and Finest Canadian Whisky in the Market.

March...
Weather

Crocus blooming. Frogs croaking. Birds singing, Cows lowing, Man rushing at gardening does not prevent the rush for our bargains.

Kippered Chickens.....2 tins for 25c
Granulated Sugar.....21 lbs for $1
Navel Oranges.....per doz. 20c.
Our Blend Tea.....20c
Golden Blend Tea.....40c
We defy any Package Tea to equal it at the price.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

KLONDIKE OUTFITTING
WILSON BROS.
Wholesale
Grocers...
76, 79 and 80 Wharf St.
...VICTORIA, B. C...

Have the largest and best selected stock in the city of.....
Provisions
Groceries
Tools.....
Cooking Utensils
Tents, Etc.

We have had large experience as to what goods are required and how to pack them so that they may arrive at their destination in good order.

To The Atlin Lake Gold Fields
GOLD
GOLD
GOLD
We are again in the Field as Outfitters for the Klondike and Atlin Lake Gold Fields.
30 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
RELIABLE GOODS
UNEXCELLED SERVICE
REASONABLE PRICES
E. J. SAUNDERS & COMPANY

::AUCTION::
W. JONES
Is instructed by Messrs. Hartman & Co. to sell at 2 p.m. on
Saturday, March 25th,
Contents of their
FLOUR and FEED STORE
73 YATES STREET,
All Flour, Feed, Hay, Grain, and Poultry on premises; several Large Cages and Parrot Cage, Platform Scales, Step Ladder, Show Cases, Desk, a Varied Assortment of Seeds, Splendid Delivery Horse, Wagon and Harness. Terms cash.
W. JONES, Auctioneer.

SEED! SEED!! SEED!!!—Our stock of Early Rose and Burbank Seedling potatoes is very limited; do not delay ordering. Sylvester Feed Co., Ltd., City Market. Telephone 413.

SNAP SALE BY
AUCTION.
at Salesrooms, 77, 79 and 81 Douglas street.
Saturday March 25 at 2 p. m.
DESIRABLE FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.
All accounts must be settled before 6 o'clock day of sale, as owner leaves on the evening boat.
W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

SEEDS—All kinds of seed at half price, on account of going out of business; a good all around horse for sale cheap. Hartman & Co., 73 Yates street.

HO! FOR THE GOLD FIELDS.
V. Y. T. Co.
OWNERS OF LAKE BENNETT SAW MILLS.
Manufacturers of Lumber of all descriptions, Traders and Freighters, Builders of Boats and Barges,
THROUGH RATES given from any city on the Coast to all points on the Upper Yukon river. Goods shipped now can be stored in the company's warehouse at Bennett until opening of navigation. For further particulars call or address
THE VICTORIA-YUKON TRADING CO., Ltd., VICTORIA, B. C.

REMOVING and FIRE SALE....
Of Watches, Clocks Jewelry and Silverware
J. WENGER, 90 Government Street

SEEDS
No need to send away, we have the largest stock of
CHOICE GRASS and CLOVER SEEDS.....
ever imported into the Province. Also SEED GRAIN, specially cleaned on our own machines.
The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Ld,....

R. P. RITHET & CO., LD.
Wholesale Merchants.
Ex DRUMBURTON:
.....LIQUORS, GROCERIES AND CEMENT.
AGENTS:
Columbia Flouring Mills Co.

Universally Accepted as the Leading Pure Coffee of the World.
Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand
1 or 2 pound Tins. All Grocers Keep it.

Trout Season Has Opened!
We can supply you with everything necessary, except the fish, call and examine our tackle at
FOX'S 78 Gov't Street.

The Stock Exchange
We have sold nearly 50,000 shares of Noble Five during the past few days. They have advanced from 26 to 36. They are still on the upward grade, and we have only 2,000 unsold.

WANTED.
Buy NOBLE FIVE
VAN ANDA,
Both will yield good returns on the investment.

We quote, subject to previous sale:

ATHABASCA	50
FAIRVIEW CORPORATION, LTD	25
RAMBLER-CARIBOO	38
NOBLE FIVE	WANTED
DARDANELLES	12
EVENING STAR	11½
LITTLE CARIBOO	04½
OKANOGAN	14
WATERLOO	12½
VAN ANDA	04½
LONE PINE	38
FONTENOY	19

For other quotations call at our Exchange List your stocks with us.

By the bye, we must refer to the no stock exchange business again in a day or two; it will be interesting.

CUTHBERT & COMP'Y.
The Oldest Established Mining Brokerag Office in British Columbia, 15 and 17 Trounce Avenue.

Open Day and Night. Telephone 426.
J. E. PAINTER,
Wood cut to any required length by electrical machinery.
Wood and Coal at Current Prices
Truck and dray work done. Office, 25 Cormorant street; residence, 17 Pine street, Victoria West, Victoria.

SEALED TENDERS
Will be received by the undersigned until noon on 23rd April next for the purchase of the property, 112 Government street, known as the Teutonia saloon. The property includes the building thereon, together with the license to carry on the saloon business. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. State terms.
MRS. A. BAUMGART,
97 Quadra Street.

"NOTHING CHEAP BUT THE PRICE" $55.
Rambler
Bicycles,
Twenty years 'experience in bicycle building counts for something.
CALL AND INSPECT RAMBLERS.
$55.00
WEILER BROS. - AGENTS

MINING SHARES
It is to be regretted that there is
No Stock Exchange
in Victoria; but we beg to advise our numerous clients and the general public that we receive the quotations of the Toronto Mining Exchange by wire twice a day, and we shall be very pleased to furnish the same to our clients on application at our office.

WANTED.
Athabasca, St. Elmo, Noble Five, Dardanelles, Victoria-Texada.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Fairview Corporation, Ltd.	25
Dundee	33½
Fontenoy	18
Noble Five	34
Rambler-Cariboo	40
Monte Christo	12
Dardanelles	12
Gopher	03
Lone Pine	40
Virginia	52
Waterloo	13
Evening Star	11
Van Anda	04

List your stocks with us.
For other quotations call at our office.
A. W. More & Co.,
Stock Brokers,
86 Government Street.

To Cannerymen...
A Patent Retort and Steam Box Door on Exhibition under pressure of Steam. Can be opened and closed in one minute A perfect steam-tight joint.....
T. SHAW'S
MARINE IRON WORKS, Victoria, B. C.

NEWS OF THE CAPITAL.

Prohibitionist Declares in Commons That His Party Has Been Tricked by Government.

Japan Has Had No Answer to Her Protest Against British Columbia Legislation.

Half Million Deficit on Government Railway Operations—Senate Takes a Holiday.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, March 23.—The debate on the address in the Commons was continued by Messrs. Stinson, Casgrain, Talbot, Craig, Broder, Osler, Britton and Moore. Mr. Craig, who is an ardent prohibitionist, said he agreed that the recent vote did not justify the introduction of a prohibitory law, but he was firmly convinced that the prohibition party had been tricked by the government.

The senate committee on privileges met to-day to consider the report of the clerk on the absence of Hon. John Sutherland for two consecutive sessions. The committee reported, recommending that a copy of the notice be sent to Mr. Sutherland, the committee to meet again in three weeks to decide upon further action.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell was informed by Mr. Mills that no answer had yet been given to the protest of the Japanese government against the anti-Japanese legislation of British Columbia. The matter had been discussed with the British Columbia government, but final action had not yet been taken.

The senate decided to adjourn from to-morrow until April 5.

David Stock, of Toronto, whose application for divorce is before the senate, asks for the remission of the fees of $200 on account of poverty.

Mr. McInnes is anxious to see the representation of British Columbia increased. He also desires that the Dominion census be taken in 1900 and every ten years thereafter. He will move to memorialize the Imperial government to grant authority to make these changes.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell is asking the government for a copy of Engineer Coste's report on the Stikine-Teslin route. Mr. Coste was sent out by the government last year to survey the route, and in a newspaper interview expressed the opinion that it is no good.

Canadian railways last year carried 18,444,049 passengers, and only five passengers were killed.

Minister Fisher is still unreconciled to the plebiscite statement, and was again to-day missing from his place in the house.

Practically the deficit upon the government railways last year was $461,956. The actual deficit in working expenses was $139,000, to which is added $70,000 for four months' operation of the Drummond County road, and capital expenditures of $252,756 on account of the operation of that line.

DR. NANCY'S TRIAL.

Spectators Disappointed That Sensational Evidence Is Not Promptly Forthcoming.

Bridgeport, Conn., March 23.—At the close of the third day of the trial of Dr. Nancy A. Guildford, the midwife, charged with murder in the second degree in causing the death of Emma Gill, the state is still engaged in endeavoring to prove the fact that the particular crime alleged had been committed.

To the spectators the trial seems to drag slowly, but it is evident the state and the defence also are considering each step with great care, and are going into every point in minute detail. The witnesses introduced by the state to-day testified chiefly to the disposition of the various packages containing the dismembered body of Emma Gill, after they were found, and the subsequent identification of the body as that of the Southington girl. Mrs. Guildford is apparently regaining her health rapidly, and throughout the day seemed to have her nerves under good control.

SHIPPING MISHAPS.

Collier's Bows Damaged by Ice—Yarmouth Barkentine Lost Off South America.

Halifax, March 23.—(Special)—The Black Diamond liner Cobaa, owned by the Dominion Coal Company, put in here to-day with a cargo of coal. Her bows are badly damaged as a result of being jammed in the ice off the Cape Breton coast.

A cable reports the collision off Buenos Ayres of the Yarmouth barkentine Madelaine Riss and a Norwegian bark. The Yarmouth bark is owned by W. L. Loott. The crew is saved.

A MATRIMONIAL MISSION.

Approaching Marriage of Mr. Mackintosh's Daughter With an Investor in British Columbia Mines.

Winnipeg, March 23.—(Special)—Mrs. Mackintosh, of Vancouver, wife of ex-Governor Mackintosh, passed through the city yesterday, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Mackintosh. They are going to Ottawa, where Miss Mackintosh will be married to Mr. Needham, a gentleman who has extensive mining interests in British Columbia.

PROMOTIONS IN THE CHURCH.

Bishop of London to Become Archbishop of Toronto Diocese—Candidates For the Bishopric.

Toronto, March 23.—(Special)—It is generally understood that Bishop O'Connor of London will succeed to the archbishopric of Toronto. The announcement is expected at Easter.

The names mentioned in connection with the succession to Bishop O'Connor in the London diocese are Dr. Teefy, Toronto; Mgr. McEvay, Hamilton; and Vicar-General McCann, the present administrator of the diocese.

KANSAS FIEND'S EXCUSE.

His Head Hurt so That He Can't Remember Killing His Five Children.

McPherson, Kas., March 23.— John Moore, the Hutchison murderer, to-day made a signed statement of his horrible crime. Moore murdered his five children with a hatchet and knife and then burned the house over their heads. He and his wife had quarrelled and he claims they were about to separate. In the statement Moore says:

"I had been feeling pretty bad for the past two or three days. The children were in bed asleep. I turned the lamp down, and went to bed. I then had one of my worst spells and my head hurt me awfully and everything seemed floating before me, and the next thing I remember after this was in trying to get out of the house. I have a recollection of going through a struggle like a dream that is half remembered. All the recollection I have about this is that I would rather see my children dead than to leave them in the hands of my wife's people. It was like a dream to me that I done something to the children, but I do not recollect using the knife or hatchet."

TO QUIT THE ISLAND.

France Willing to Surrender Her Shore Rights for Adequate Compensation,

Most Promising Source of Trouble With Great Britain About to Disappear.

By Associated Press.

London, March 23.—The Standard makes the following announcement:

"We understand that the negotiations between Great Britain and France in regard to Newfoundland promise a satisfactory settlement, France being willing to surrender her shore rights there if adequately compensated."

NANAIMO NOTES.

Bookkeeper's Leg Broken Through Buggy Acicdent—The Amur's Call.

Nanaimo, March 23.—(Special)— Ald. Wm. Manson, jr., accountant at the Nanaimo sawmill, had his leg broken this afternoon while driving aonig Mill street. His buggy struck a piece of wood which in some peculiar manner penetrated a hole in the bottom of the buggy, striking Manson, with the above result.

The steamer Amur sailed this evening for Skagway.

J. H. Davison, brother of ex-Mayor Davison of this city, returned last evening from Dawson.

CANADIAN DEATH ROLL.

Daughter of U. E. Loyalist Reaches 102—Bruce County Official—Ontario Queen's Printer.

Cornwall, March 23.—(Special)— Mrs. Catherine Barkley, of Mathilda township, is dead at the advanced age of 102. She was the daughter of a U. E. Loyalist settler. She was married 80 years ago and had twelve children, of whom eight are still living.

Kincardine, March 23.—(Special)—Lt.-Col. Christopher R. Barker, for many years Division court clerk here, and prominent in many positions in town and county, is dead, aged 84.

Toronto, March 23.—C. E. Thomas, Queen's printer, is dead.

A YOUNG MAN'S SECRET.

All Galt Wonders Why Bert. Shupe Sloped Without His Dinner.

Galt, March 23.—(Special)—The very mysterious disappearance of Bert. Shupe, the 18-year-old son of Wellington Shupe, of this town, has created widespread interest and alarm.

On Monday at noon the young man came home to dinner, but without touching any food and after picking up his overcoat he disappeared, and has not been heard from since.

WAGES GO UP.

Stove Makers in Ontario Announce a Ten Per Cent. Advance.

Hamilton, March 23.—(Special) — The stove manufacturers of this city will increase the pay of employees by 10 per cent. on May 1.

London, March 23.—The McClary Manufacturing Co. have advanced the wages of their stove hands.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure; 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

THE RUSSIAN FAMINE

Pitiable Accounts of Peasants' Condition—Wasted by Hunger and Disease.

Red Cross Efforts Have Staved Off Actual Starvation but Funds Exhausted.

Horrors of Eight Years Ago Will Be Repeated Without Prompt Relief.

By Associated Press.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—The newspapers of the city publish pitiable accounts of the condition of the so-called famine district of Russia, especially Samara, in the eastern part of European Russia.

The efforts of the Red Cross Society have staved off the horrors of actual starvation, but the society's funds are almost exhausted, and the dire distress, compelling the consumption of all kinds of garbage, has produced an epidemic of terrible mortality, with typhus, scurvy and other pestilential diseases.

The peasants are compelled to see everything and are living in cold, damp and filthy cabins. Weakened by hunger they fall ready victims to typhus and acute scurvy.

Unless the government gives prompt aid, the Volga provinces appear doomed to a repetition of the horrors of 1891 and 1892.

TWENTY MILLIONS IN SIGHT.

A Cheerful Story of Hydraulic Expectations by Londoners.

Seattle, March 23.—(Special)—Alexander McDonald, arrived from London, announces that a London syndicate including members of parliament, has bought the six richest Klondike claims. They will send in a $200,000 hydraulic plant and will clean up twenty millions in the biggest hydraulic mining scheme ever attempted.

HIGH-PRICED HORSEFLESH.

Famous Kentucky Stallion Chloroformed Because of Fatal Injury.

Lexington, Ky., March 23—The famous American thoroughbred stallion Hanover, 14 years old, by Hindoo, dam Bourbon Belle, was put to death to-day by chloroform. Gangrene of the left forefoot, the result of the killing of the nerves in it while racing, rendered the destruction of the horse necessary. Milton Young declined offers of $65,000 and $75,000 for him. He led winning sires for the last three years. Hanover was the sire of Hamburg, Halma, Ben Holiday, and the Commoner.

POPE'S DEATH LOOKED FOR.

Indications That the End May Come Suddenly at Any Moment.

New York, March 22.—A despatch to the World from Washington says: Apostolic Delegate Martinelli, who is in constant receipt of news from private sources in Rome concerning the Pope's condition, believes that the pontiff's extreme age renders it extremely probable that his end cannot be far off. A recent letter from a vatican official quotes the Pope as saying since his last attack:

"When I die, I shall not give much trouble to the doctor, nurses or servant. I am only skin and bones, and my life will go out like a lamp which has no oil to feed it."

Church officials here think that is just the way the pontiff will go to his rest, and that already he is nearer the end than is believed in this country.

FATAL POWDER EXPLOSION.

New Jersey Factory Buildings Wrecked and Three Workmen Killed.

Penn's Grove, N.J., March 22.—Over 3,000 pounds of smokeless powder exploded to-day at the E. I. Dupont powder works, instantly killing three workmen, and injuring a number of others slightly. The dead are: Isaac Taylor, aged 50 years, married; William Ford, aged 40, married; John Magill, aged, 30 single. The bodies of the dead were blackened and disfigured.

The shock from the explosion shook the country for miles around, and in this town heavy panes of glass were broken in many houses. The drying house and the store house were demolished, and other small buildings about the works were damaged.

Francis Dupont and his nephew were at work in the laboratory at the time of the explosion and were slightly injured by pieces of glass, but personally directed the care of the other injured and the recovery of the dead. The works have been running on large government orders for smokeless powder. The cause of the explosion has not been determintd.

ATHLETE AND
SWEET CAPORAL
CIGARETTES
10 CENTS PER PACKET.
H. L. SALMON'S, LEADING TOBACCONIST
Salmon Block, Victoria.

VANCOUVER'S BUDGET.

Japanese Training Ship Coming—Seven Story Addition to the C. P. R. Hotel.

Cyclists Made to Contribute to the Revenue — Eloping Parson Not Wanted.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, March 23.—Japanese Consul Shimezu informed the Colonist correspondent this evening that the Japanese naval training ship, he had been officially informed, would arrive in Vancouver on May 21. The ship is of 2,200 tons burden and is used entirely to train young Japanese for the navy. Consul Shimezu says he thinks the Vancouver mentioned in his official letter means Esquimalt station, Vancouver Island. Mr. Shimezu has heard nothing of the protest he made to his government regarding the objectionable anti-Japanese legislation. He states, however, that much more time cannot elapse before he will be made acquainted with what action has been taken.

The World received a special from J. C. McLagan, Ottawa, to-day, to the effect that Contractor Tompkins had told him that the new wing of the Hotel Vancouver, the projected building of which was mentioned some time ago, is to be seven stories high and extended to Howe street. It will be very elaborate in design, making the C. P. R. hostelry second only on the coast to the Palace hotel at San Francisco.

The gambling houses in the city have been re-opened after a short lull, and in the sporting quarter everything is wide open again.

Mr. John Carthew, of Victoria, superintending the construction of the Hastings mills, is recovering from a very severe shaking up he got by a man slipping off a roof and striking him in his fall to the ground. Mr. Carthew's body saved the other man from being injured.

The following is the statement of the Dorothy Morton mine output for three months: December, $3,323; January, $6,250; February, $7,935; total, $17,500.

Some 30 cyclists in all have been fined in the past fortnight for riding on the sidewalks in contravention of the city by-law.

Word has been received at Westminster from the mother of Miss Lear, who eloped with the Rev. E. A. Harris, of Albany, Or., to detain Miss Lear, and never mind about Harris. No further attempt is being made to locate Harris. Miss Lear appeared before Magistrate Corbould, was charged with vagrancy, and detained until her mother arrived to-day and took her daughter home.

A STUBBORN WOMAN.

Won't Accept Pardon Unless Judge and Jury Say They Were Mistaken.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 23.—Mrs. Augusta Schmidt, serving a ten years' sentence in the Indiana women's prison, who has been paroled by Governor Mount, declines to accept her freedom. She says she will not leave the institution until the judge and jury who tried her acknowledge to Governor Mount that she was innocent, and that they were in error when they passed judgment on her. The state officers say it is one of the very few instances in the criminal history of the state where liberty has been offered and refused.

WOULD PARADE DEWEY.

Promoters of a Washington Celebration Ask That the Admiral Be Ordered Home.

Washington, March 22.—A committee of citizens who are arranging for a peace jubilee in Washington next May called at the navy department to secure if possible the attendance of Admiral Dewey on that occasion. Their application was made directly to Secretary Long. They stated that the proposed peace celebration will be exceptional, in fact, that it is to be practically national in character, and this would justify the request that the hero of Manila bay be summoned to attend.

The Secretary replied that he would confer with the President on the subject. It would be a question, he said, simply as to whether or not the occasion would justify the Admiral in leaving his duties at Manila.

FREIGHTER'S LONG VOYAGE.

Two Months From Newcastle to New York With Many Adventures Between.

New York, March 22.—The slowest voyage ever made by steamship from Newcastle, England, to this port is that of the Wilson line freighter Salero, which arrived yesterday. She left Newcastle January 18, was tossed by the tempest for two weeks, and with her bunkers nearly empty was forced to put into Azores on February 21 for coal. She was unable to coal up until March 5, when she resumed her voyage. Time, sixty-two days.

DUNCAN ROSS DEFEATED.

Columbus, O., March 22.— Capt. Duncan C. Ross, champion swords man of the world, lost the decision in a mounted sword contest to-night to Capt. W. S. Bice, of this city. The contest took place in the Columbus Auditorium before a big crowd and was for $200 a side and gate receipts.

TROOPS FOR COPPER RIVER.

Three Stations Named and United States Soldiers to Be Ordered For Duty.

Washington, March 22.—Capt. Abercomble and party left to-night to explore the Copper river country, in Alaska. The war department to-day named three stations on the Copper river, the all-American route to the Klondike country in Alaska. The stations are: Sewerd, Tetling and Slahna. These stations will be occupied by detachments of United States troops similar duty to that performed by the Canadian Mounted Police.

The post office department has been making some inquiries regarding the Copper river route, and will endeavor to make contracts for carrying the mails over it.

TO DAWSON FOR $100.

Rates Reduced by Halt by Combine of Ocean, Rail and River Interests.

Freight Shares in the Good Luck of Passengers With Hint of Further Reduction.

By Associated Press.

Seattle, March 23.—Rates to Dawson City have been cut in two by the formation of a transportation combination, including the various steamers running between Seattle and Skagway, the White Pass & Yukon railway and steamers on Lake Bennett and the upper Yukon.

The rates, to take effect with the opening of navigation on the lakes, are announced as follows:

$162 per ton for freights of all kinds.

First class passengers, $100; second class, $80.

In case of a rate war between the upriver steamers, the freight rate will be cut down to $140 a ton.

WILL URGE ARBITRATION.

American Delegates to Made That the Feature of the Czar's Disarmament Congress.

New York, March 23.—A despatch to the Herald from Washington says: "There is reason to believe that an important proposition, looking to the settlement of international disputes by arbitration, will be advanced at the coming disarmament conference by the American delegates. It was learned to-day on high authority that the credentials for and instructions to the American delegates are now being prepared by Secretary Hay and will be ready for submission to the President for his approval when he returns to Washington from his southern trip. These instructions will be a complete exposition of the attitude of this government on the question of disarmament and arbitration.

Sir Julian Pauncefote has been advised of his appointment as senior member of the British delegation. The British minister to The Hague will also be a member. M. Destaael, Russian ambassador to Great Britain, and the leading representative of the Czar at the conference will be assisted by Professor Martens, professor of international law in the university at St. Petersburg, and probably by the Russian minister to the Hague. President McKinley will name the minister to the Netherlands as one of the American delegates. Ambassadors White and Tower will probably be the other members of the American delegation.

It is explained by a diplomat, having knowledge of the present programme of the Russian government, that upon the assemblage of the delegates a committee will be appointed to determine the subjects to come before the conference and the order in which they shall be considered. So far as the proposition for a general disarmament of the nations of the world is concerned, it will be the duty of the American delegates to explain and show that the United States, both from a military and naval standpoint is far below the armament it should have; and besides it was explained that this government does not intend to hamper in any way the inventive faculty of the people of this country. Nor is it expected Great Britain will do so.

In fact the most important results which officials expect from the conference will be the adoption of some plan for the reference of disputes to general arbitration, but the United States will have a plan of this character as well as the other nations. The administration is strongly in favor of arbitration as a means for the settlement of disputes between nations, and, while it appreciates that there are a number of controversies that can only be settled by war, still it is believed many questions which arise and are causes of much friction, can be arbitrated. The President is committed to international arbitration by his inaugural address, and by subsequent remarks, but his administrations has not attempted to negotiate arbitration treaties, for one reason, because of the imminence of war with Spain and the occurrence of war.

In view of the assembling of the conference at the Hague, it is thought by officials that the time has come when the administration can put itself on record before the world as favoring arbitration.

KIPLING DOING WELL.

New York, March 23.—Rudyard Kipling's condition has remained unchanged throughout the past few days. He has gained some strength, and if the weather conditions will permit, his physicians say he will be able to take short drives very soon.

MOBS KILLING NEGROES

White Lynchers in Arkansas Hanging Them on Trees in Every Direction.

Alleged That the Blacks Had Selected Victims of Intended Race War.

By Associated Press.

Texarkana, March 23.—A race war is on in Little River county, and during the last 48 hours an indefinite number of negroes have met their death at the hands of the white population.

Seven are known to have been lynched and the work is not yet done. The bodies of the victims of the mobs' vengeance are hanging to the limbs of trees in various parts of the county. The county is in a state of most intense excitement. White men are collecting in mobs, heavily armed and determined, and negroes are fleeing for their lives.

The negro population is large and for a long time has proved very troublesome. Frequent murders have occurred, and thefts and fights have become very common affairs.

It developes that carefully laid plans have been made by a number of negroes to precipitate a race war, and that many white men had been marked for victims. It is learned that 23 negroes were implicated in this plot, and the whites are now bent on meting out summary punishment to the conspirators.

Jackson, Mich., March 23.—Three negroes were lynched by a mob near Silver City, in Yazoo county, last Saturday morning. After being shot to death the bodies were thrown into the Yazoo river. They were the ringleaders of the negroes in a race encounter on the Midnight plantation early next week.

SUICIDE ON THE STAGE.

Popular Actress Shoots Herself Before a Horrified Audience.

London, March 23—The Vienna correspondent of the Standard says that the popular actress, Lolo Banzolla, exclaiming, "'Tis love that kills!" shot herself with a revolver on the stage, in full sight of the audience, during a performance at Cilli Styria, and was removed in a dying condition.

CARLISTS OF NO ACCOUNT.

Dissensions in Ranks and Weakness of Leader Make Them of No Account.

London, March 23.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says that Don Carlos, the pretender, has perplexed his adherents by a despatch in which he allows them to go to the polls at the forthcoming parliamentary elections if they so desire, but explains that he does not wish the Carlists to be represented officially in the cortes.

The general opinion in the political world, says the correspondent, is that the dissensions in the Carlist ranks and the irresolution of the pretender really deprive the party of all importance.

PLACE THESE WINNERS.

Grodno, Crodno, Crestfallen and Chubb Figure for Two Prizes at Liverpool.

By Associated Press.

London, March 23.—At the Liverpool spring meeting to-day the Liverpool Spring cup was won by Lord Beresford's Grodno, with Sloane up. There was a dead heat between Lord Derby's Crestfallen and Mr. Fair's Chubb for second place, and they divided the stakes. Nine horses started.

The race was one of the most interesting events for a long time. Tod Sloane on Crodno and Sam Loates on Crestfallen both rode splendidly. Loates brought Crestfallen up at the last stride. Crodno did not get away well, but led to the first turn, when the colt was headed by Chubb. At the mile post Crodno resumed the lead, but at the distance Chubb was again in front. Crodno, however, again pushed to the front and then Crestfallen sprang forward, and a most exciting finish was the result, Chubb being only a short head behind the dead-heaters.

[A request for correction of the evident mistakes in the above was made to the Associated Press early last evening, but Montreal answered at 12:30 a. m. that the request was received too late.]

THE POPE A POOR PATIENT.

He Ignores the Doctor's Prescriptions and Attempts to Follow Usual Occupations.

London, March 23.—According to the Rome correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, Dr. Lapponi, the Pope's physician, has been ill for two days. He is suffering from an attack of bronchitis, and will not resume his attendance upon the Pope until fully recovered.

The correspondent further says that the Pope ignores his doctor's prescriptions and follows his usual occupations, though he is so feeble that it is doubtful if he will be able to hold the next consistory. The question of a conclave is the subject of much secret negotiation.

PROMISE TO BE GOOD.

Railroad Officials Take Their Disputes Away from the Interstate Commission.

Washington, March 23.—The presidents, general managers or other representatives of about 25 railroad companies, comprising almost the entire trunk line service between Chicago and Lake Michigan and the Ohio and the Mississippi rivers and beyond, were in executive conference throughout the day with the interstate commerce commission. The result was a verbal assurance on the part of all the roads represented to maintain uniform tariffs through co-operation, and the appointment of a committee to confer with the commission to-morrow looking to more definite and specific action for securing general stability in freight rates.

NOVA SCOTIA FINANCES.

Halifax, March 23.—Premier Murray delivered his budget speech to-day. He estimates the revenue at $889,106, which is $291,000 more than last year; and the expenditure at $874,828.

Spring Millinery Opening on Tuesday, Wednesday, and following days at The Sterling, 88 Yates St.

SAVAGERY OF FILIPINOS.

They Use Brass Tipped Bullets That Poison Wounds—Cannibals Take a Prisoner.

Manila, March 23.—Fifteen refugees from the northern part of Luzon arrived here to-day. They report that the Filipinos in the north are in sympathy with the insurgents, and are cultivating their crops carefully, with a view of later furnishing the rebels with food supplies. The belief that Aguinaldo's force on Luzon are preparing for a general attack on the American lines is gaining ground. The concentration of forces at Malabon and the strengthening of the rebel positions around Malolos convince the American officers that Aguinaldo intends to make a decisive effort. The rebels have destroyed a number of railroad bridges.

New York, March 23.—A despatch to the Herald from Washington says: Reports received at the war department from medical officers serving with troops in the Philippines show that Aguinaldo's army is using brass-tipped bullets. Several American soldiers have been wounded by these poisonous projectiles, and in consequence the wounds are more difficult to heal than those caused by ordinary bullets. Of course, the authorities can do nothing to prevent the insurgents using any kind of bullets they see fit. They have no government to which an appeal can be made. Their action in this respect, officials say, is another indication of their utter unfitness for self-government.

San Francisco, March 23.—In a letter from Capt. McQuesten, surgeon of the Twenty-eighth regulars now at Manila, he tells of the release of A. S. Peters, a photographer, captured and tortured by Filipinos. Peters was made prisoner while taking pictures outside the lines, was thrust into a filthy gaol, where he was visited by a native captain, who tested his sword on his body and threatened to kill him. The rebel chief then called in a number of native savages, all armed, who executed a war dance and made passes at Peters, one of them wounding him in the arm. The next morning he was taken to Malolos, where he found eight Americans, two Englishmen and Spaniards. From there he finally secured his release through the intervention of American officials.

The savages who attacked Peters, continued Capt. McQuesten, were of the tribe known as head-hunters and cannibals. They live in the interior of the islands, and will not show any mercy after this to any unfortunate white man who may fall into their hands.

WINDSOR HOTEL FIRE.

Fragments of Three Bodies Recovered by the Searchers Yesterday.

New York, March 23.—A hundred and fifty men worked all night on the ruins of the Windsor hotel, but nothing was accomplished so far as the finding of bodies was concerned.

Nineteen dead, some forty or more missing, and about a score confined to their beds from injuries, is the record so far of the fire on Friday last.

A body found this morning brings the list of unknown dead to nine. The fragments were dug up about twenty feet west of the annex on the 47th street side in a part of the ruins where no other bodies or bones have been found. The fragments consist simply of a portion of a spinal column with some of the ribs attached, a piece of skull and some small bones and charred flesh. The remains were taken to the morgue and numbered "body No. 9." Identification in this case as in the large majority of the other bodies at the morgue was impossible.

At seven o'clock to-night a charred human form was found near the elevator shaft. It was sent to the morgue unmarked.

Shortly before eleven o'clock workmen found on the 46th street side of the ruins some small bones which appeared to be the bones of a human forearm.

Buffalo, March 23.—The Commercial this afternoon will say: George Colburn, of Niagara Falls, the hotel man who was supposed to have lost his life in the Windsor hotel, is alive and that a friend has received a letter from him since the fire. This friend also believed that W. M. Ormonde, who was with him, is also alive, otherwise he thinks Mr. Colburn would have made some reference to him.

BRITISH COLONEL MURDERED.

Shot on Afghan Frontier by Two Natives Now Under Arrest.

Calcutta, March 23.—A despatch from Peshawur, capital of the Punjaub division of that name on the Afghan frontier, says that two Pathans or Afghans, have shot and killed Lt.-Col. R. H. Lemarchant of the Hampshire regiment. The murderers have been arrested.

Pathan is the name usually applied to the independent Afghan tribes on the northwest frontier of India, although the Afghans themselves do not recognize as entitled to the name all to whom it is given by Europeans.

IN HEART OF AFRICA.

Speculation as to Expedition Reported Attacked by the Natives.

Paris, March 23.—Official advices received here from Biskaro, a garrison town situated 214 miles southeast of Algiers, say the Foureau-Lamy expedition arrived at Agaides months ago and that therefore the European expedition announced from Algiers yesterday as having been attacked by a party of Louaregs recently while the expedition was on its way to Air, in the Sahara, cannot have been the Foureau-Lamy expedition.

WHENCE COMES MALARIA.

German Scientist with Government Subvention Takes This Problem to the Tropics.

Berlin, March 23.—Prof. Robert Koch, the celebrated bacteriologist, who in 1883 at the head of the German cholera commission visited Egypt and India and then discovered the so-called "comma" cholera bacillus, will start with an expedition next month for the tropics to continue his investigation as to the nature and origin of malaria. The reichstag has made a grant of 60,000 marks in aid of the undertaking.

MONEY FOR YACHTING.

Sixteen Thousand Dollars at Disposal of New York Committee for This Year.

New York, March 23.—At a meeting of the New York Yacht Club held to-night, the sum of $16,000 was appropriated for the use of the regatta committee during the year 1899. Ten thousand dollars of this amount was a special appropriation in view of the international races that are to take place in the fall.

HICKMAN TYE Hardware Co., - LIMITED. -

Importers of...

Iron, Steel, Hardware, Pipe Fittings, Cutlery,

MINING and MILLING SUPPLIES A SPECIALTY.

Miners going to Klondike and Atlin Gold Fields should call and inspect our stock of Tools, etc.

32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C., Tel. 59.

P. O. DRAWER 613.

STOCKS, METALS AND PRODUCE.

Slackness in London Share Market—New York Stronger and Railways in Demand.

New York, March 23.—The Commercial Advertiser's financial cable from London says: "The markets here were very slack this morning. The tone, however, was firm on more buying of consols for the sinking fund, which requires the purchase of a million by the end of the month. Americans were neglected, but steady. In the afternoon New York bought St. Paul and Denver pfd. In the street Southern Railway issues were in demand. The close was at the best. Money was steady on fresh borrowing at the bank."

New York, March 23.—The stock market took on an appearance of strength to-day and dealings of about three-quarters of a million were largely centred in the railways. Realizing towards the close cut down some of the advances. The expected early adjournment of the New Jersey legislature was used as a bull card among the coalers on the ground that it lessened the prospect of hostile legislation against the rumored anthracite deal. Lackawanna made the extreme advance of 3½. There was talk also of another lease of the Jersey Central to the Reading company.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	Mch 22	Mch 23
Amn. Tob	207¾	208
Amn. Sugar	167½	162¼
Atchison	20⅜	20⅛
Can. Pac	85⅞	85¼
Can. Sou	..	58
Ches. & Ohio	..	27
C. B. & Q	..	142⅛
Chic. Gas	118⅛	120
C. & N. W	147	148⅝
C. R. I. & P	..	116⅞
C. M. & St. P	..	126⅝
Cons. Gas, N. Y	208	211
C. C. C. & St. L	58	..
D. L. & W	168¾	172½
Del. & Hud	115	116⅝
D. & R. G. pfd	72½	72⅞
Gen. Elec	115½	116
Jersey Central	116⅜	117¾
Laclede Gas	53½	53¼
Man. Elev	110⅜	109½
Mo. Pac	46½	..
Nat. Lead	34¾	34¾
Nor. Amn. Co	..	9⅝
N. P. com	50⅛	50⅜
N. P. pfd	..	78½
N. Y. C. & H	..	135¾
N. Y. O. & W	27¾	28⅛
Omaha	92½	..
Pac. Mail	47⅜	47⅝
Phil. & R	24⅜	24⅜
Southern Ry	12⅞	12¼
Standard R. & T	10	10⅝
Tenn. C. & I	52½	52½
U. S. Leather	6½	..
U. S. Rubber	50¾	..
Wabash pfd	21¾	23½
Western Union	93½	94
C.P.R. in London	88⅛	88⅛
Com. Cable in Montreal	184	184

New York, March 23.—Money on call, firm at 4 to 5 per cent.; last loan, 4½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 2¾ to 4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange, steady at $4.85 to ½ for demand and at $4.83⅝ to ½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84 to ½ and $4.86 to ½. Commercial bills, $4.82½ to ¾.

New York, March 23.—Silver certificates, 60½c; bar silver, 59⅝c; Mexican dollars, 47½c.

Copper, dull. Lead, dull; brokers, $4.20; exchange, $4.40 to $4.42½.

Tin, steady; straits, $23.65 to $23.75; plates, firm.

Spelter, quiet; domestic, $6.35 to $6.40.

Rosin, steady. Turpentine, steady.

Pig iron, steady; Southern, $14 to $15.75; Northern, $14.50 to $16.

New York, March 23.—Wheat closed: March, 80⅝c; May, 73⅞c; July, 72⅝c; Sept., 71c.

Chicago, March 23.—Wheat closed: May, 68⅝c to ¾c; July, 68c to ⅛c. Corn, May, 35¼c to ⅜c; July, 35⅞c; Sept., 36⅝c.

NERVOUS ABOUT YUKON.

Liberal Members From the West Suggest a Royal Commission.

Ottawa, March 23.—The British Columbia, Manitoba and Northwest Liberal members held a caucus this forenoon and discussed matters connected with the Yukon. All were present except Messrs. Oliver and Richardson. A royal commission is talked of.

A MILLION MISSING.

London, March 22.—G. B. Birt, the former chairman and managing director of the Millwall Dock Company, who was arrested March 16, after having disappeared in February last having a deficit of over $1,000,000 in the accounts of the company, was remanded to-day until April 11, bail being allowed in the sum of $30,000.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

PURE AND WHOLESOME. ONE POUND CAN 25¢

LONDON, ENG. E. W. GILLETT. CHICAGO, ILL. TORONTO, ONT.

H. M. GRAHAME,

(Successor to Loewenberg, Harris & Co.)

FINANCIAL, REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE AGENT,

Rents and Interest Collected.

41 Government St., Victoria.

WILL TAKE THE MONEY.

Cuban Generals Decide to Accept the Three Millions—Offer of Ten Thousand Soldiers.

Havana, March 23.—The executive committee of the Cuban military assembly has appointed General Maso commander-in-chief of the Cuban forces in the eastern provinces.

The Cuban generals, Dias Montaguda, Roban, Nodarse, Belancourt and Peraza, who held a secret meeting last night after consulting their commands with reference to the course to be taken in the controversy between Gomez and the assembly, reported to-day that they had decided to accept the $3,000,000 for the soldiers and also to help to organize a new Cuban army of 10,000 men under the American administration.

A DISCRIMINATING CYCLONE.

"Wiped Out" Little Town in Tennessee but Does No Killing.

Nashville, Tenn., March 23.—The little town of Libert, in Dekalb county, has almost been wiped out by a cyclone which swept over it last night. Trees were uprooted and houses destroyed in all directions. The Christian church, a handsome brick structure, was blown to pieces. No fatalities were reported.

MUNKACSY DYING.

The Principal Works of Famous Painter of "Christ Before Pilate."

Berlin, March 23.—Munkacsy is dying. The report of his death already cabled was premature.

Michael Munkacsy, the famous Hungarian painter, was born near Munkacs in 1846. His parents were poor and he was apprenticed to a carpenter, but his genius for painting soon manifested itself, and he left the bench for the easel. His picture "The Last Day of a Condemned Prisoner" was exhibited at the Paris Salon in 1870, and at once established his reputation. This was followed by "The Night Prowlers," "The Studio," "The Two Families," "Milton Dictating Paradise Lost to His Daughters," 1878; "Christ Before Pilate," 1882; "Christ on Calvary," 1884; "The Last Moments of Mozart," 1886; "Allegory of the Italian Rennaissance," a frasco, 1890; "The Favorite Air," 1891; and three portraits of ladies, 1890-92. He was promoted to be a Commander of the Legion of Honor in 1890, and has obtained medals at successive exhibitions in Paris and a grand prize in 1889.

SALISBURY AT NICE.

London, March 23.—A despatch from Nice announces the arrival there of the Marquis of Salisbury, who left London yesterday for the Riviera.

DIED.

WOODS—On the 22nd inst., at the Lodge, Belcher street, Martha, the beloved wife of George Woods, aged 36, a native of Tenby, South Wales.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PICHON & LENFESTY,

54 Johnson Street

Dealers in all kinds of Fishermen's Requisites and Sporting Goods.

Just arrived, a fine assortment of fishing tackle, direct from the manufacturers. Give us a call.

FOR VICTORIA

The Br. bk. WATERLOO 1976 tons register

From London and Liverpool, will receive general cargo for this port at 20s. per ton. She will close on the following dates:

LONDON : 15th April
LIVERPOOL, : 15th May

and put to sea immediately thereafter

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ld., Agents.

To Stone Cutters

Tenders, sealed, endorsed and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to 4 o'clock p.m. on Monday, the 27th inst., for 1,000 lineal feet, more or less, of Granite Curbing, 6 inches thick by 18 inches deep; rough peen hammered on one side and top, and jointed at back down 2 inches. No lengths to be less than three feet.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Purchasing Agent for the Corporation.
City Hall, Victoria, B. C.,
March 22nd, 1899.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS ONE Cent Per Word Per Insertion. Cash. No Charge Less Than 25 Cents.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALL ACCOUNTS owing by Admiral Palliser must be sent in by March 29. He will not be responsible for any seat in after his departure from Esquimalt. m24

SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 15 Broad street (up stairs)—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping taught; individual instruction.

MRS. RAAB—Clairvoyant medium. No. 93 Fort street. m21

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A GOOD CHANCE for young man with small capital, interest in drug business with physician, and to learn the profession. Address, with references, Dr. John McDonald, 50-51 Boston Block, Seattle, Wash. m23

LODGES AND SOCIETIES.

SONS OF ENGLAND—Alexandra Lodge. A.O.U.W. hall, 2nd and 4th Thursday. J. G. Taylor, secretary.

SONS OF ST. GEORGE—2nd and 4th Monday in A.O.U.W. hall. Englishmen welcome.

TO LET OR LEASE.

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS—Single, en suite or unfurnished. 90 Douglas street. m23

PLEASANT HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, use of kitchen; private house; central, rent moderate. J. D., Colonist. m23

TO LET—Two well furnished bedrooms, with bath adjoining; breakfast optional. 144 Menzies street, near Dallas road.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—Pleasantly situated; all modern conveniences; tennis court, etc.; terms moderate. Apply A. W. More & Co. m17

TWO GENTLEMAN can have rooms and board in a delightful residence near Beacon Hill; all requirements. Address Y. G., this office. m12

TO LET—Nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite. 182 Fort street. m8

TO RENT—Stevens' hotel; furnished, with first-class orchard, driving shed, stable and paddock. Apply to John Stevens, on the premises. f7

FOR RENT—Within four minutes' walk of the Douglas street tram line, eight roomed house, bath, etc.; four acres of fertile land suitable for small fruits and vegetables; good orchard and outbuildings; immediate possession will be given to a reliable tenant. Apply Box 167, City. m23

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good house with 7 rooms, bath and cellar, with 2 or 3 lots. Apply 263 Fort street. m24

HORSES FOR SALE—Six span of well broken horses for sale at Bowman's old stable, Johnson street, or inquire at Oriental hotel. m24

WHOLESALE PRICES—Eastern turkeys, geese, chickens and fresh pork, our own cure hams, bacon, salt pork, lard, sausage, pickles, sauerkraut, etc. Robert Beeles, Provisions, City Market. m24

PRIZE WINNING BLACK MINORCAS, eggs and birds. G. F. Watson, 159 Fernwood Road. m23

CEDAR POSTS and cord wood for sale. Apply Eden, Fowl Bay. m23

FOR SALE—3 acres of land, in small fruit; handy to town; good inducements; $150 cash, balance long terms. Address Land, Colonist office. m22

10,000 YARDS MATTING, Japanese palms and three kinds of lily bulbs, just arrived at Japanese Store, on Douglas street. m22

COWICHAN—FOR SALE—Improved farms and residential properties; also hotel with 160 acres. J. H. Whittome, Duncan, B. C. m19

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Cottage, with 3 acres of land; fine road; 3 miles from post office; first-class chicken ranch. B., 82 Douglas street. f11

MOSS' FIRST-PRIZE SWEET PEAS at 15 cents per oz.; 45 named kinds; 5 cents per packet, or 6 for 25 cents; gladiolus, light colors, $1.00, 50 cents and 25 cents per dozen; Uncle Sam's prize potatoes and Freeman's early potatoes, 25 cents per pound, or 5 pounds for $1.00. The above sent to any address on receipt of money. J. Moss, florist, 99 Quadra street. m5

FARM FOR SALE—About half value, 188 acres of good land on the Koksilah river; 3½ miles from Cowichan Station, E. & N railway; 140 acres enclosed, 60 acres pasture; timothy grass, etc.; 12 acres cleared and fenced; orchard, house, barns, etc. good water and fishing, etc.; government road; first-class terms, if required, to reasonable person; got to be sold or given away; can meet purchasers at the station; come and see this property, and tell your price, etc. Address Dan Stewart Cowichan Station P. O. m12

WANTED.

WANTED—Young girl (school girl preferred) to assist in the care of two children during afternoons and sleep at employer's home. Apply between 12 noon and 4 p.m. at 53 Vancouver street. m24

WANTED—Tailoress. Apply at once. X.Y.Z., Colonist. m24

WANTED—By respectable woman, work by day or week of any kind. Apply by letter A. C., this office. m24

WANTED—50 cords of wood cut. G. B. Dyne, Sidney, North Saanich. m22

WANTED—Position as housekeeper or cook; capable and experienced; good references. Address Housekeeper, this office. m18

HAVE YOUR BOOTS AND SHOES repaired by C. Nangle, the prize boot and shoemaker; he don't charge credit prices. Repairing Depot, 56 Fort street.

BASKET BALL MATCH TO-NIGHT

at the Drill Hall commencing at 9 o'clock

BAYS vs. No 1 COMPANY

Don't Miss It!

PURE LARD

Put up in

Bladders.

FOR SALE BY

JAMESON

GROCER,

33 Fort Street, - - Telephone 128

AT ALL BARS AND RESTAURANTS

MARTELL'S THREE STAR BRANDY.

OF ALL WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS

SONS OF ENGLAND.

Grand Lodge Reviews Work of the Past Year and Advises Certain Changes.

Satisfactory Progress Made Both Financially and Numerically—Readjustment of Ages.

Ottawa, March 14.—The 24th annual meeting of the Supreme Grand Lodge of the Sons of England opened in Harmony hall this afternoon, the grand president, E. Parnell, jr., of London, in the chair. Over 100 delegates were present from all parts of Canada.

In his review of the affairs of the order, the grand president said the past year had been full of encouragement, and the financial position of the society very much improved. The report said in part: "Your executive, after due consideration in the matter of organization, decided that they would use all the means at their disposal in strengthening the weaker lodges, and as an incentive to the members to become individual organizers, decided to give a series of prizes for the lodges and members bringing in the most candidates. It is gratifying to state, in this connection, that Lodge Loyalty, at Aurora, doubled its membership in one year, winning the first prize, also obtaining for one of its members the prize for bringing in the largest number of members during the three quarters.

DOMINION INCORPORATION.

"The expressed opinion of the supreme body at its last annual session in regard to the procuring of a Dominion charter being so pronounced, I took the earliest opportunity to impress upon the executive the desirability of taking prompt action in this direction. After due consideration of the matter, the executive decided to take steps to procure the same. Without losing any time, in company with the supreme secretary, I visited Ottawa. The House was then in session, and though the time for making application for private bills had expired, through the courtesy of the private bills committee we were allowed the privilege. Mr. Bertram, the member for Centre Toronto, introduced the bill, and from the time the bill was read for the first time, its severe handling from the committee on banking and commerce till its third reading, no effort was spared to secure its passage through parliament. As far as the House of Commons was concerned, after a very hard struggle we succeeded in carrying the bill through. It was then sent on to the senate, and much to our surprise the bill was thrown out, so that our efforts were, to a certain extent, unsuccessful. The chief, and I may say, the only cause of its rejection was the feeling that our rates were not high enough, that if we were prepared to increase our rates according to a scale prepared by the inspector of insurance, then they were willing to pass the bill. This we felt we could not do without the sanction of the supreme body. The cost of this action, while considerable, I do not think will be considered extravagant. I desire to express my appreciation of the valuable aid and assistance which I received from Brother Fred. Cook and other members of the Ottawa district. I also ask this supreme body to place on record its thanks for the hearty and generous support given by all members of the House of Commons who stood by us during that eventful time.

FURTHER ACTION DEFERRED.

"I understand that a large section of our members are of the opinion that we should renew our application and make another effort to obtain a charter. Without in any way wishing to discourage this idea, I am of the opinion that in view of the fact that the government has signified its intention to introduce legislation during the coming session affecting friendly societies, I would recommend that any further action be deferred until after the next meeting of parliament.

FINANCIAL STANDING.

"For a detailed statement of the standing of the subordinate lodges, also the supreme lodge, I refer you to the report of the supreme grand secretary, which report, given in detail, contains the financial standing of each department of our society's work, also the numerical status of our subordinate lodges. From these reports you will find that we have over 11,000 members in good standing. The financial standing of the subordinate lodges has somewhat improved over last year, and while stating that the health of our general membership, as shown from the amounts paid for sick benefits, is gratifying, I cannot refrain from expressing my belief that some change whereby a more equitable system of payment should be made, so as to strengthen the sick funds of the lodges. I am strongly of the opinion that every protection should be given to the sick funds. The funeral fund, owing to the death-rate being higher than last year, is reduced, but I have every reason to believe that during the coming year the increased per capita will place this fund in a very much improved condition. I am assured by the auditors, who have been most attentive to their duties, and spent every available opportunity in supervising the books and accounts from month to month, that the position of the supreme lodge funds is improved over that of last year, and though the balance sheet shows $515 still owing to the funeral fund, you will be pleased to notice that there was a sufficient balance on hand on the 31st of January to more than cover the amount. As indicated in my address when accepting the position, I have endeavored to carry out the policy of economy, and have succeeded so far in leaving a balance for the benefit of my successor in office.

BENEFICIARY AND JUVENILE.

"For the progress made in the beneficiary department I must again refer you to the supreme secretary's report, which is replete in statistical information, and showing in a concise form the standing of the department. The funds are increasing slowly it is true, but satisfactorily, and with the adoption of the proposed changes suggested on the lines of the committee report of last year in the sessional paper will be beyond peradventure.

"The juvenile department I fear does not receive the attention which it deserves. I am pleased to note the increase in the numerical strength in this branch of our society work, and the funds to the credit of the juvenile branch is encouraging. It may be gratifying to know that there has only been one death in the juvenile department during the year. I ask the adult members of our lodges to give more attention to the juveniles; it will repay you for all your efforts.

"During the year 12 executive meetings have been held, and it affords me great pleasure to say that the utmost unanimity of feeling and action has existed at the meetings. I desire also to place on record my gratitude and appreciation of the able assistance at all times rendered me by my colleagues in conducting the business of the order generally. In addition to the above meetings, I have visited the head office from time to time, as opportunity offered and occasion demanded."

GRAND SECRETARY'S REPORT.

The annual report of the grand secretary, J. W. Carter, of Toronto, shows the total receipts of the year to be $53,372, with a balance on hand of $2,256. The grand secretary says that considerable difficulty is experienced in obtaining the lodge returns on time for the annual statements, owing to the fact that many of the subordinate lodges hold their quarterly meetings during the last two weeks of the December quarter. Their books and accounts having to be audited, it means a delay of from two to three weeks, sometimes four weeks, before the bulk of the returns are received at the head office, necessitating the leaving out of much statistical information. This difficulty would be entirely removed if the supreme lodge held its annual session in April or May. This would then give the supreme secretary's office an opportunity to compile the returns based upon the December accounts, and at the same time comply with the conditions of the statutes in making the usual government returns. The number of members initiated during the year was 1,703. The number of financial members in good standing on December 31, 1898, was 12,292, or 411 more than the previous year; honorary members, 264; the number of members owing more than 16 weeks' dues was 1,100; the number of members who died during the year was 101; the present membership, after deducting 1,026 suspensions and expulsions, and not including South Africa, was 13,556, or an increase of 605 over the year 1897. There are 250 members in Newfoundland, 168 in New Brunswick, 393 in Nova Scotia, 89 in Prince Edward Island, 1,187 in Quebec, 600 in Manitoba, 84 in Assiniboia, 121 in Alberta, 418 in British Columbia and 10,446 in Ontario. These figures certainly should give encouragement to the members to still greater efforts. The two lodges initiating the largest number of members in each district during the last three-quarters of 1898 were: Lodge Dudley, Newfoundland, 53. Lodge Dartmouth, Nova Scotia, 43. For Ontario and Quebec—Lodge Loyalty, Ontario, 72; Lodge Croydon, Ontario, 45. Manitoba—Lodge Shakespeare, 34; Lodge Westward Ho, 31. Northwest Territories—Lodge Calgary, 18; Lodge United Roses, 9. British Columbia is not yet decided. The number of white rose degree members was 5,208. The amount of cash received by the subordinate lodges during the year was $84,831, an increase of $3,008 over 1897; the amount paid for sick benefits was $22,830, a decrease of $433 from last report; the amount paid for medical services was $15,976, an increase of $909; the cost of management was $19,732, a decrease of $3,009 from last report; cash to the credit of subordinate lodges in bank and other securities was $65,316, an increase of $9,026. The cash in the hands of lodge treasurers to meet current expenses for the December quarter was $7,277; total cash to the credit of subordinate lodges after deducting $4,600 liabilities, was $68,458, an increase of $7,590. The grand secretary considers this a very favorable and encouraging showing.

READJUSTMENT OF AGES.

"One of the most important subjects," says Mr. Carter, "to be brought before and to be discussed at this supreme lodge meeting is the readjustment of the ages and amounts of payment by members in connection with the sick fund department of the society. That the grouping of ages seems inconsistent is apparent, if you consider that the young member of 18 is paying the same as the member of 30. But a much greater discrepancy is between 30 and 45, 15 years. Take, for example, the member at 30; his life expectancy is [illegible] while the member at 45 is only 23.69 years, and yet we have legislated that all shall pay alike in the different groups, which are only three."

The grand secretary submits for the serious consideration of the supreme grand lodge that the time has arrived when the ages of members should be readjusted, that the classification of ages should be yearly in place of groups of years. He is convinced that what suited the society 10 or 15 years ago will not meet the requirements of the order to-day. It should be, he thinks, the aim of the supreme body to do everything in its power to strengthen this fund, which would obviate the necessity of levying members at different times on account of lodge funds becoming depleted. The table of rates, as prepared by the special committee and presented in a report to the supreme grand lodge at its last session, should be very carefully considered. The grand secretary is satisfied it would form a safe and equitable basis to work upon, at least for all new members.

COST OF MANAGEMENT.

Another very important matter is the question of the cost of management. As shown by the statistics, the cost of management during the past year is $19,732, only $3,008 less than the amount paid for sick benefits. There should be no two opinions as to the necessity of keeping the sick and management funds separate. The fact that the order is compelled by its act of incorporation to provide certain benefits should of itself be sufficient to cause the benefit fund to be used only for that purpose. The grand secretary trusts that the supreme lodge will so legislate that the members' sick fund shall be properly protected by providing that a certain percentage of the members' monthly payments be kept entirely for the sick benefit fund. There is another important matter, one which should receive the earnest consideration of the supreme body—the difficulty experienced in connection with the medical staff of the society. Some lodges in certain districts cannot obtain the services of a medical man; they have petitioned the executive to allow them to pay extra benefits, and to give the members the privilege to provide their own doctor and medicine. This would, to a very large extent, remove the difficulty. If the supreme body would adopt the proposed amendment by the executive on the sessional papers, it will greatly relieve the lodges who are at the present time without a local surgeon, and who, under their peculiar circumstances, cannot secure such services, only at great cost to the lodge. The grand secretary trusts that the supreme body will accept the proposed change.

IS MY BLOOD PURE ?

This is a question of vast importance to all who wish to be well. If your blood is impure, you cannot expect good health, unless you begin taking Hood's Sarsaparilla at once. This great medicine makes the blood pure and puts the system in good health, cures spring humors and that tired feeling.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, biliousness and all liver ills. Price 25 cents.

THEATRE MAN'S DESPAIR.

He Needed Rest and a Change and Shot Himself.

New York, March 22.—Horace Weil, a theatrical manager, shot and killed himself in his room in the Putnam house here to-day. A letter left by him contains the wish that his death may be attributed to an overdose taken to allay pain and to get a much needed rest. This is the only solace he can offer to his family in their affliction.

TAMMANY AND THE QUEEN.

New York Alderman Moves to Have All Flags Raised on Her Birthday.

New York, March 22.—At a meeting of the board of aldermen yesterday Ald. Harrington (Tammany) introduced a resolution calling on the commissioner of public buildings to hoist the national, city and state flags on all public buildings in honor of Queen Victoria's birthday. Ald. Kennedy moved that the resolution lie on the table. His motion was adopted without debate.

WILFUL MURDER CHARGED.

Man and Woman Called to Account for the Death of Victim of Malpractice.

London, March 22.—The inquest on the remains of the woman found apparently strangled to death on March 6 in a house on the Tottenham Court road, London, resulted to-day in a verdict of wilful murder against the man known as Briesenick and his female companion, supposed to be his wife, whose arrest in Berlin was announced on Monday last. Briesenick, whose real name is said to be Freize Metz, and Frau Briesenick, are now understood to have brought about the death of the victim by an illegal operation. The victim has been identified as Sophia Richard, a Swiss chambermaid, and the medical evidence confirm the abortion theory.

BIDS FOR THE FIGHT.

Chicago Man Puts in New Proposition With Fat Purse Involved.

New York, March 22.—When W. A. Brady and Martin Julian meet to decide where Fitzsimmons and Jeffries will fight, they will consider a new proposition from C. C. Bennett, a Chicago promoter, who has offered a $25,000 purse.

Mr. Bennett's $500 forfeit has been sent to the Police Gazette office, and Mr. Brady, who has had some correspondence with him, is anxious to discuss the details of the bid with Fitzsimmons' representatives. He says that he is anxious to have the fight take place where the largest purse can be obtained, and if Bennett's offer is more advantageous than those now under consideration it will be accepted.

Bennett proposes to have the fight take place in an amphitheatre erected for the occasion in either Illinois, Indiana or Missouri. He is now in Kansas City looking for a suitable battle ground in that locality.

A LONG NAMED CHARGE.

Pekin, March 23.—Sir Claude Macdonald, the British minister, who is leaving for England for a brief rest, started today for Weihaiwei, the British fortified post on the Shangtung peninsula. In his absence the first secretary of the legation, Mr. H. C. O. Bax Ironsides, will be in charge of British interests here.

HOOLEY'S YACHT.

London, March 23.—The cutter yacht Britannia, now the property of Mr. Daniel Cooper of Newmarket, who bought her from Mr. Ernest Terah Hooley, will be sold at auction on the 10th of May.

EMPEROR TO VISIT COWES.

London, March 24.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail reports that Emperor William will be at Cowes during regatta week, arriving there July 28.

LIQUOR AT TEA STORES.

London, March 23.—English temperance societies are denouncing Sir Thomas Lipton for having applied for licenses to sell liquor at his tea stores. The Church of England bishops have started a strongly worded protest against the project.

THE CHALLENGER.

London, March 22.—Sir Thomas Lipton, the challenger for the America's cup, has decided not to attempt to sail the Shamrock across the Atlantic under her own rig. He will tow her with his new steel yacht, the Erin.

FACTORY BURNED.

Toronto, March 23.—(Special)—The large four-story building occupied by Douglas Bros., coopers, and Elliott & Brooks, paper box manufacturers, was partially destroyed by fire to-night. Loss, $50,000.

EVERY DROP IS DELICIOUS!

STAR of INDIA

Indo-Ceylon Tea.

Blended to please the palate and produce cheerfulness.

Our Advertising Department provides monthly competitions in which handsome Silver Tea Services are given to users of "Star of India" Teas; particulars on every package. 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c, per lb. All Grocers.

WM. TUFTS & SON TEA IMPORTERS, VANCOUVER, B. C.

MM

A perfect tea, free from all adulteration—

Kaisow Congou

Be sure that the "MM" and Star is on the box.

5 and 10 lb. boxes only.

Esquimalt-Nanaimo Ry.

TIME CARD.

Effective March 25, 1899.

North-bound trains will leave Victoria as follows:

Train No. 2—Daily (except Sundays) 9:00 a.m., arriving at Nanaimo 11:50 a.m., and Wellington 12:20 p.m.

Train No. 4—Leaves Victoria Saturday 4:35 p.m., due at Nanaimo 7:30 p.m., and Wellington at 7:42 p.m.

Train No. 8—Leaves Victoria Sunday 8:00 a.m., due at Nanaimo 10:55 a.m., and Wellington 11:07 a.m.

Train No. 10—Leaves Victoria Sunday 2:00 p.m., due Nanaimo 5:00 p.m., and Wellington 5:12 p.m.

South-bound trains will leave Wellington as follows:

Train No. 1—Daily (except Sundays) 8:20 a.m. leaves Nanaimo 8:41 a.m., due Victoria 11:40 a.m.

Train No. 3—Leaves Wellington Saturday 4:45 p.m., Nanaimo at 4:56 p.m., and due at Victoria 7:55 p.m.

Train No. 7—Leaves Wellington Sundays 8:10 a.m., Nanaimo 8:21 a.m., due Victoria 11:20 a.m.

Train No. 9—Leaves Wellington Sundays 4:30 p.m., Nanaimo 5:00 p.m., and due at Victoria 8:00 p.m.

Reduced rates to and from all points on Saturdays and Sundays.

For rates and all information apply at company's offices.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager.

C.P.N. Co., Ld., Steamers

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf for

Dyea Skagway Wrangel

As follows, viz.:

"DANUBE" . March 22
"TEES" - March 29

And from Vancouver at 12 noon, on following days.

For freight and passage apply at the office of the company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B. C. The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

The Boscowitz Steamship Co.

LIMITED.

The Str. Boscowitz

Will leave Spratt's wharf on

The 25th March, at 2 p.m.

For Naas River and Way Ports, via Vancouver. For freight and passage apply at the company's office, Janion block, Store street, Victoria, B. C.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table without notification.

H. LOGAN, General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY CO

NOTICE.

The advertised year and conditions for acquiring the surface rights of mineral claims having expired on June 1st,

PROSPECTORS AND MINERS

can still make arrangements for acquiring the same by personal or written application to the Company's Land Office, Victoria. LEONARD H. SOLLY, Land Commissioner.

Victoria, B. C., June, 1896.

ESQUIMALT - NANAIMO RAILWAY CO

STEAMER

City of Nanaimo

Sails from

Victoria for Nanaimo Tuesday 7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Comox Wednesday 7 a.m.
Comox for Nanaimo Friday 8 a.m.
Nanaimo for Victoria Saturday 7 a.m.

Calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

For freight, tickets and staterooms, apply on board.

GEORGE L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager.

Ask your Grocer for

EDDY'S

"EAGLE" Parlor Matches 200's
"EAGLE" " 100's
"VICTORIA" " 65's
"LITTLE COMET" Parlor Matches

The Finest in the World!

NO BRIMSTONE

The E. B. EDDY CO., Limited,

HULL, P. Q.

Northern Transport.

The Casca Trading & Transportation Co., Ltd. Are now prepared to make contracts for

DELIVERY OF FREIGHT

At all points on the Stikine river and at Dease Lake, Liard river and Frances lake during next summer.

The company has supply depots at the Stikine Canon, Glenora, Telegraph creek and Dease lake.

For rates, etc., apply to A. W. JONES, Secretary, 28 Fort street, Victoria.

Canadian Pac. Navigation Co. Ltd

WHARF ST., VICTORIA.

Time Table No. 40—Taking Effect February 1st, 1899.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 1 o'clock. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner and Lulu Island— Sunday at 23 o'clock Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2, going east Monday. For Plumper Pass—Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock. Leave New Westminster for Victoria — Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Plumper Pass —Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th, each month, at 8 o'clock.

KLONDIKE ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave weekly for Wrangel, Juneau, Dyea and Skagway

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Str. Queen City leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports, on the 1st, 7th, 14th and 20th of each month, extending latter trips to Quatsino and Cape Scott.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Freight Agent.
C. S. BAXTER, Passenger Agent.

Canadian Pacific RAILWAY AND SOO PACIFIC LINE

The Most Direct Route to all points East and South East

Through Palace and Tourist Sleeping Cars to

MINNEAPOLIS,
ST. PAUL,
TORONTO,
MONTREAL
AND BOSTON
Without Change

Tickets to and from all points in Europe

For rates, folders and all information, call on or address B. W. GREER, Agent, Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

Steamship Tickets

To and from

EUROPE ..VIA..

St John, Boston, Halifax, New York.

And All Lines.

For all information as to sailings Rates, Etc., apply to

B. W. GREER, Cor. Gov't and Fort Streets

Atlin Gold Fields

STEEL STEAMSHIP

AMUR

Leaves Porter's Wharf

Wednesday, March 22nd,

...FOR...

SKAGWAY, JUNEAU, DYEA, WRANGEL

and Way Ports.

For freight and passage rates apply

Bennett Lake & Klondike Nav. Co.

39 Government St., Victoria.

S.S. CUTCH

will sail to

Alert Bay, Rivers Inlet, Skeena River, Juneau, Skagway and way ports

ON MARCH 24th 1899 at 6 p.m.

from Porter's Wharf

For Rates and particulars, apply at wharf.

.....THE.....

White Pass and Yukon Route

The Pacific & Arctic R'y & Navigation Co.
British Columbia Yukon Railway Co.

From Skaguay, Alaska, to the Summit of White Pass in a comfortable Railway Train.

D. D. Jones has been appointed Customs Agent for the White Pass and Yukon Route in Alaska and British Columbia. He will make his headquarters at Skaguay. The appointment is made that patrons of the White Pass & Yukon Route will not be subject to troublesome delays or excessive duties.

150 POUNDS BAGGAGE FREE

INVESTIGATE FULLY DO NOT BE MISLED

We Guarantee Delivery at Lake Bennett or Atlin City.
Goods Shipped Through in Bond.

SKAGUAY IS THE GATEWAY

— TO —

YUKON, KLONDIKE and ATLIN

For Rates Apply to

Commercial Agent, J. H. GREER, 16 Trounce Avenue, Victoria, or L. H. GRAY, General Traffic Manager, Dexter Horton Building, Seattle, Washington.

Send two cents in stamps to any of our agents for our new map of the Atlin

THE CHILKOOT PASS ROUTE

Chilkoot Railroad and Transport Company
Alaska Railway and Transportation Company
Dyea-Klondike Transportation Company

Operating a System of Aerial Tramways between Dyea and Crater Lake

These Tramways did three-fourths of the business last year and will do four-fifths of it this year.

Old : Yukoners : Employ : This : Route : Almost : Exclusively

Wise men will investigate the routes and conditions before committing their freight to any particular trail. Our facilities enables us to give a cheaper and more expeditious service than any other route. We shall give both, as will be demonstrated upon application.

THE CHILKOOT PASS ROUTE is a UNITED STATES BONDED CARRIER, No Extra Expense for Bonding No Trouble, No Delays. For rates and full particulars apply to

Dodwell & Co. Ld., R. P. Rithet & Co Ld. Can. Pac. Nav Co. Ld

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

The company's elegant steamships Queen, Walla Walla and Umatilla, carrying H.B.M. mails, leave VICTORIA, B. C., 8 p.m., Mar. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, Apr. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, May 4, and every fifth day thereafter.

Leave SAN FRANCISCO for Victoria, B. C., 10 a.m., Mar. 2, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, Apr. 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, May 1, and every fifth day thereafter.

FOR ALASKA

The elegant steamships Cottage City, City of Topeka and Al-Ki leave Seattle 9 a.m. Mar. 1 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, Apr. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, May 5, and every fifth day thereafter.

The steamer Cottage City will call at Victoria, B. C., p.m. Mar. 1, 16, 31, Apr. 15, 30, for passengers and freight.

For further information obtain folder. The company reserves the right to change without previous notice steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents, Victoria, B. C.
J. F. TROWBRIDGE, Puget Sound Supt., Ocean Dock, Seattle.
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, San Francisco.

VICTORIA AND TEXADA ISLAND Steamer

CLAYOQUOT

will leave

Victoria for Nanaimo.....Thursday 6 a.m.
Nanaimo for Texada.....Friday 7 a.m.
Texada for Nanaimo.....Saturday 7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Victoria.....Tuesday 6 a.m.

Calling at way ports.

Every Wednesday at 7 a.m. for Sooke and return same day.

For rates apply on board, or at Porter's wharf. 215

THE GREAT NORTHERN

75 Government street, Victoria, B.C.

Leave daily. Arrive daily.
8:00 p.m..CITY OF KINGSTON..4:15 p.m.

Connecting at Seattle with Overland Flyer.

J. H. ROGERS, Agent.

Washington & Alaska S.S. Co

LIGHTNING EXPRESS to DYEA and SKAGWAY in 60 Hours.

STEAMSHIP

"City of Seattle"

—SAILS FOR—

Dyea and Skagway

direct every ten days. No stops, no delays. Round trip in seven days. Rates same as on other steamers. Next sailing,

FRIDAY, MARCH 24

Subsequent sailings. April 3, 13, 23.

For rates and information apply to

DODWELL & CO., Ltd
64 Government street, Agents.
Telephone 580.

NOTICE is hereby given that I shall apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners at Victoria, B. C., for a transfer of the retail liquor license at the premises known as the Mirror saloon, corner Broad and Yates street, Victoria, B. C., to Alfred H. Tyson.

Dated March 8, 1899.

(Signed) E. E. LEASON.

NOTICE is hereby given that I shall apply at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners at Victoria, B. C., for a transfer of the retail liquor license at the premises known as the Empire hotel, situated in 88 Johnson street, Victoria, B. C., to Edgar George Walker.

A. P. BRIGGS.

Witness: JAMES E. MARTIN.
Victoria, B. C., 2nd March, 1899.

KLONDIKE-YUKON and ATLIN TRAFFIC

The Canadian Development Co, Limited

Are prepared to handle through freight and passenger traffic from Coast points to Dawson City, the Klondike-Yukon and Atlin gold fields. Seven fine steamers. Complete traffic arrangements. Splendid equipment. Reasonable rates.

For rates and information apply to the company's office, 32 Fort street, Victoria, B. C.

H. MAITLAND KERSEY, Managing Director.

OCEANIC Steamship Company.

SS. AUSTRALIA sails for Honolulu Wednesday, April 5, at 2 p.m.

SS. MARIPOSA sails via Honolulu & Auckland for Sydney, Wednesday, April 19, at 10 p.m.

Line to Coolgardie, Australia, and Capetown, South Africa.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., Agents, San Francisco.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC

2 Daily Transcontinental Trains 2

QUICK TIME. ELEGANT SERVICE. REASONABLE RATES.

Puget Sound Steamers--Victoria Route.

CITY OF KINGSTON.

Speed, 18 knots; tonnage, 1,117

8:00 p.m.	Lv.... Victoria ....Ar		3:30 p.m.
1:30 p.m.	....Port Townsend....		12:30 p.m
2:30 a.m.	..... Seattle		10:05 a.m.
4:15 a.m.	Ar.... Tacoma Lv		8:00 a.m.

For tickets, maps, etc., apply to E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agt. Adelphi building, Government street, Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Portland, Oregon.

PACK HORSES FOR THE KLONDIKE

Messrs. Molyneux & Goodair, Cochrane, Alberta, N.W.T., can supply well broken pack horses at the shortest notice at reasonable terms per carload. Correspondence invited.

The Colonist.

FRIDAY, MARCH 24, 1899.

Published by

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co.,

Limited Liability

No. 27 Broad Street Victoria, B.C.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager.

Advertisers,

In making contracts for space for the year 1899, should consider the question from a business standpoint entirely. The value of an advertising medium is generally based upon extent of circulation, but with this experts in the business always associate the character of the publication and the class of readers. So far as Victoria is concerned, the Colonist is possessed of all these requisites. Its circulation in Victoria and suburbs is double that of any other paper, while its merits as a high-class newspaper are attested to by the fact that it is daily read in almost every home in the city. The carriers of the Colonist place it every morning it is issued at the doors of more than double the number of citizens than is the case with any other paper circulated in Victoria. Besides this, it is circulated on the streets, on steamers and trains, in Vancouver and Nanaimo, and all other Coast points reached daily, the morning of issue. This is a value given by no other publication. The advantage to the advertiser of any class of goods, or engaged in any calling requiring the attention of the public is, therefore, plainly to be seen. It is almost unnecessary to add that in the Colonist the advertiser secures the very best value obtainable, and should arrange for his advertising in its columns.

VICTORIA'S REPRESENTATION.

The Vancouver World claims to have definite information that in the new redistribution bill Victoria is to be deprived of one of its representatives in the House of Commons. Some time ago the World told us that Victoria could not expect to retain two members, since she had refused to elect supporters of Sir Wilfrid Laurier in 1896. If this is the explanation of the proposed change, it does not speak well for Sir Wilfrid.

Very many people have looked upon the right of Victoria to two representatives in the House of Commons as a part of the original compact of union, and therefore as something that cannot be altered without the assent of the province: The facts of the case are as follows: The representation of Victoria was fixed by an order-in-council made at Windsor on May 16, 1871, which brings into effect the terms of union between this province and Canada. This order divides the province into five districts, which are described therein as New Westminster, Cariboo, Yale, Victoria and Vancouver Island, and it is specified that the Victoria district shall return two members. The eighth section of the terms of union says: "British Columbia shall be entitled to be represented in the Senate by three members, and by six members in the House of Commons. The representation to be increased under the provisions of the British North America Act, 1867." The tenth section of the same document applies the provisions of the B. N. A. act to the province in the same manner as if British Columbia had been one of the provinces originally united by the act. Section 40 of that act gives parliament power to alter the electoral districts as they existed at the time of the passage of the act, and presumably gives parliament power to alter the districts of British Columbia. As we all know, this power has already been exercised as respects British Columbia, as well as all the other provinces.

This is all the law there is on the subject, and we leave each reader to judge for himself as to how far the conferring of two members upon Victoria is to be regarded as an integral part of the Terms of Union. We may have some further observations to make on this point in a future article. At present we propose to consider the justice of the proposed change.

The original idea in distributing the representation of British Columbia was to give three members to the Island and three to the Mainland, and the understanding which the people had at the time of the agreement was that, while the British Columbia delegation would be increased from time to time as population increased, the Island would never have fewer than three members. It certainly was understood that there would be no change except after the decennial censuses. The next census will be taken in 1901, and no redistribution can be made under it until the session of 1902. It is impossible to say what the population of British Columbia will be then, or how it will be distributed. We have already shown in these columns that even now the province is doubtless entitled to seven members, if not eight, measured by the standard provided by the B. N. A. act. We have also conceded that it is right to give the Mainland all the additional representation to which the province is entitled. Our only objection is to cutting down the influence which the Island has always enjoyed, and upon the strength of which it consented to enter the Union. What a court might hold, if there was any way of getting the matter before a court, to be the intent and meaning of the agreement in regard to representation is immaterial. No one will pretend to deny that the people of British Columbia in 1871 never for a moment imagined that Vancouver Island would have less than three members in the House of Commons.

Population plays a very subordinate part in determining the distribution of representation in Canada. Thus we have Restigouche, N. B., returning one member for 1,637 voters in 1891, and the adjoining county of Gaspe, Quebec, returning one for 4,033 voters, while other constituencies had one representative for over 7,000 voters, Hochelaga having only one for upwards of 14,000 voters. It is very evident that other considerations than population enter into consideration when the distribution of membership is taken up. We submit, therefore, that in view of the fact that British Columbia is rapidly growing, in view of the undoubted understanding at the time of the union, and of the commercial importance of Victoria and the right it has long enjoyed, parliament ought not to reduce our representation. In 1901 British Columbia is likely to be entitled to nine and possibly ten members, at the present rate of increase in the population, and if this is the case, no one would think it unreasonable that the Island should have three members, even if its population may be smaller in proportion than the Mainland. We do not say it will be smaller, for the prospects are that it will greatly increase in the immediate future. The point we wish to emphasize to-day is that it would have been infinitely fairer to Victoria and Vancouver Island to have left the representation where it is now until the next census, adding one or more new members to the Mainland contingent, as we believe can constitutionally be done.

MR. KITCHIN'S LETTER.

We print a letter from Mr. Thomas Kitchin, of Nanaimo, in which he deals with certain allegations made in the Daily Times of this city in regard to the Messrs. Dunsmuir. It is perhaps well to mention that Mr. Kitchin is a gentleman, whose independence of view and financial standing are such that no one who knows anything about him would suspect him of any other desire in writing the letter than to do justice by persons who have been unfairly attacked, and who cannot very well rush into print when any person sees fit to attack their business policy or question the motives of their action. No business man cares to discuss his affairs in the public press, and this is the attitude which Mr. James Dunsmuir has always taken when asked if he cared to make any reply to hostile criticism. We are sure that every business man in the community will sympathize with him in that respect. Mr. James Dunsmuir is president of the Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, and for that reason this paper, whose utterances he does not interfere with, has always felt at a disadvantage in dealing with matters relating to the Dunsmuir interests. It seems beyond the comprehension of a great many people that men of means may invest money in a newspaper enterprise and yet leave that paper free from their dictation, but the practice is not nearly as unusual as most people think. Nevertheless the Colonist has felt itself unable to do the Messrs. Dunsmuir the same measure of justice that it would do to any other person, and has time and again allowed matters to pass, which if they had been alleged respecting any other person it would have promptly answered. It is therefore with special pleasure that we print Mr. Kitchin's letter.

MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

Halifax is wrestling with the question of municipal taxation, and the following is the new basis suggested:

(1.) Real estate, 1½ per cent. on the assessed value.

(2.) Business tax, 10 per cent. on the actual rental—rentals under $50 exempt.

(3.) Household tax 3 per cent. on the actual rentals—rentals under $120 exempt.

(4.) License fees as scheduled.

(5.) Special tax on all persons whose yearly income is $700 or over, and who are not assessed in respect to business tax, household tax, or license fees.

This will be read with considerable interest in Victoria, where there is a general feeling that more revenue is needed and the ways and means of getting it do not at present seem at hand without unduly burdening real estate. The Committee of Fifty might do well to discuss it, and doubtless some correspondents will feel like expressing opinions on the matter. It is certainly of very great importance.

A SMALL MATTER SET RIGHT.

The Province referring to Col. Prior's intention to move for a commission of inquiry into the action of Lieutenant-Governor McInnes in removing the Turner government, says: "The commission while it is working might also inquire what right Col. Prior had as a member of parliament to lead a Victoria mob that attempted to coerce the legislature during session." This is not a very important matter, but it is so grossly unjust to Col. Prior and Victoria that it ought not to be allowed to pass unchallenged. No coercion of the legislature was attempted at Victoria. The facts of the case were that a meeting was held in the City Hall to pass some resolutions dealing with the Prentice-Deane enabling bill. At its close a resolution was passed to the effect that the meeting should go over to the legislative buildings, when the resolution would be presented by the chairman. Only a minority of those present at the meeting went over, but those who did go had nothing further from their minds than the coercion of any one. Whether Col. Prior went or not we do not know; but he certainly did not head the party, which was perfectly orderly and in capital humor. It made no demonstration, unless to walk into the galleries and sit quietly down is a demonstration. So far as its being a mob is concerned, this is a gross libel upon as representative a body of men as could be got together in the city. They had passed a resolution after a sharp discussion and were naturally desirous of seeing how it was received in the house. They were disappointed, because the government would not let it be received at all.

Senator Templeman, in the interview which we print this morning, says that the Colonist has always treated him "with marked unfairness." We think that Senator Templeman is very much in error in this, and are sure that nothing ever said in the Colonist about him placed him in half so bad a light as he places himself in the interview. The reduction of Victoria's representation in the House of Commons is a matter of great local interest, and it was quite natural that the Colonist should, in seeking to get the views of representative men, ask those of the only Senator, who is in the city just now. The Colonist thought that Senator Templeman would be glad of the opportunity to express himself as a Senator of Canada and a resident of Victoria on this subject. He could not very well speak as Senator in his own paper. He does not appear to be able to appreciate a courtesy extended to him. On the contrary he calls it an impertinence. There is an old saying that "a cat may look at a king," and this being so, surely the representative of a newspaper may ask Senator Templeman a civil question on a matter of great public interest, without being charged with impertinence. The Colonist would have thought itself extremely discourteous if, in seeking the views of representative men, it had omitted to ask Senator Templeman to give his.

Let us all unite in the hope that the influence of the peace conference so soon to assemble will extend as far as Seattle, and curb the impatient ardor of the worthy newspaper scribes of that city, who, if they are left alone, will have more disputed boundary questions to adjust than can be settled between the present date and the dawn of the Millennium. Seattle wants its newspapers built on the style of the hot tamale. The contents are immaterial as long as there is plenty of red pepper. The Colonist wishes its neighbors a real jolly time in the hostilities against Canada now being waged by them at the cost of so much good printing ink.

The Winnipeg Tribune never grows weary of telling its readers how wonderfully valuable a fellow Mr. Joseph Martin is. The amazing thing is that the further away the Attorney-General gets from Manitoba the better he seems to be liked. If he should take a notion to move to Kamschatka, the Tribune would probably canonize him. British Columbia is getting ready to fire him.

While Sir Wilfrid Laurier is reforming the Senate, he might try to discover some way by which that venerable body can be relieved of the necessity of dealing with cases of domestic infelicity. We protest that British Columbia does not care the toss of a copper whether David Stock of Toronto is or is not divorced from his wife.

Persons contemplating leasing real estate may be interested to know that St. Malachy, Bishop of Armagh a very long time ago, and St. Bridget of Sweden, also a worthy of the olden times, are alleged to have agreed, but without either knowing the other's opinion, that this world is to come to an end in the year 1999. If this is correct the event will have only an academic interest to any one at present living.

It is said that the United States intends to propose arbitration at the peace conference. We would like a little more light on the subject. Is the arbitration to be of the kind suggested in re the Alaskan boundary, that is, of an equal number of each side and no umpire? If so, would it not be better to settle international affairs by shaking dice?

The Colonist's congratulations to the Columbian upon its very entertaining way of treating a certain class of questions. In these days, when all are so horribly serious about everything, it is refreshing to read a breezy paragraph, containing good sense and amusement.

With Sir Charles and Sir Richard exhibiting all manner of exuberance in debate, we are forced to the conclusion that there is something akin to the Fountain of Youth in the Canadian political atmosphere.

SAYING AND DOING.

From the Montreal Star.

The confiding Victoria (B. C.) Times, in the innocence of its heart, joyfully remarks:

"What a characteristic expression was that of Sir Wilfrid Laurier the other day when he was asked to take the duty off a certain class of goods: 'It never breaks my heart to take the duty off anything.' How horror-struck must champions of the old Tory policy feel at such utterances."

Perhaps! Still we should think that almost any one, whether Grit or Tory, would be a little startled should Sir Wilfrid actually perform what he promised.

It is not so long ago, perhaps the Times will remember, that Sir Wilfrid pledged himself to wipe out the last vestige of protection, and after two and a half years' opportunity, his very "characteristic" remark regarding a lack of disinclination to remove a duty is more likely to give his Western supporters a fit of the horrors than "the champions of the old Tory policy"—which is still largely in evidence. Besides, Sir Wilfrid's minister of the interior has given assurances that the tariff question is dead and settled, and while that announcement is scarcely satisfying to Tories, it must be an abominable aggravation to the Grits who were promised a much nearer approach to free trade than the Fielding tariff presents.

The Times should understand that few are likely to be horror-stricken at anything Sir Wilfrid might say. Experience has taught us that there is a wide difference between what he says and what he does.

He promised the prohibitionists that he would give them the plebiscite and carry out the expressed wish of the people. He now refuses to do what he said he would.

He promised to secure a fair reciprocity treaty with the United States. But he hasn't.

He pledged himself to reduce the national debt. It is increasing every day.

He said he would practise economy and retrenchment. Never was the cost of government larger in the history of Canada.

He promised to reform the senate. He proposes to emasculate it instead.

He gave his solemn word that no officials would be dismissed without the fullest inquiry into any charges made against them. The official axe swings as merrily as ever.

He promised honesty and purity in public affairs. He supported the Yukon scandal and the Drummond county deal.

In fact, when Sir Wilfrid says a thing, it is a pretty good indication that he will do something else.

And that is the reason protectionists take cheer over his "characteristic" declaration that it never breaks his heart to take the duty off anything. It reassures them that Mr. Sifton had some grounds for his statement that the tariff question is settled—so far as the government is concerned—and that the Cobden medal is for display only.

MRS. HITCHCOCK'S BOOK.

"Two Women in the Klondike" Shortly to Be Published by Putnam's Sons.

G. P. Putnam's Sons have in press, for early publication, a volume entitled "Two Women in the Klondike," by Mary E. Hitchcock. The volume will present the record of a journey undertaken in the summer of 1898 by Mrs. Roswell D. Hitchcock, the widow of the late Commander Hitchcock, U. S. N., and Miss Van Buren, a grand-niece of President Van Buren. The advance sheets show that it will be a book of great interest.

The travellers first took steamer at San Francisco for St. Michael. The Yukon river was unusually low at this season, and several of the regular passenger steamboats were stranded along the river, so that it was necessary for some of the passengers to embark on board a barge which was towed by a small river steamer. After a journey of more than three weeks, the party reached Dawson and became squatters, living in a tent until the end of the summer, when they were forced to build a log cabin in order to hold their land through the winter. While at Dawson they staked out several claims and mingled freely with the miners, getting a practical insight into the work. Life at Dawson was by no means a bed of roses, as owing to the fact that the stores of provisions and delicacies, which had been sent by a different line, did not reach them until very late in the season, they were forced to depend upon such few things as they carried in with them, and to purchase their supplies at the high rates prevailing in Dawson. When at last their stores arrived, it was high time for all who were not to remain for the winter to set about their return journey. After some vexatious delays, the party finally took a river steamer as far as practicable, and then crossed the White Pass, as the Chilcoot Pass was considered too dangerous at that late date. As it was, the travellers were caught in a snow storm on the Skagway Pass and had to do some very difficult climbing. Once over the White Pass the hardships of the journey were practically over, as they were able to take a steamer via Sitka and thus to Seattle.

Mrs. Hitchcock's journal is a faithful record of her experiences, and is written in a vivacious manner and is full of interesting incidents. The volume is enriched by over 100 illustrations, and will contain an authoritative map of Alaska, showing the trails and steamboat routes to the gold fields.

Mrs. Hitchcock has gone to Atlin to get data for a book on that country.

LO, THE ENCORE FIEND.

Some Queer and Unique Requests From Sousa's Admirers.

Whatever relation it may have to the artistic development of the country need not be considered, but it is a tangible fact, nevertheless, that a large portion of Sousa's audiences attend "the march king's" concerts solely to hear his encores. At every performance of Sousa and his band, the requests that reach the conductor for encore numbers, if complied with, would treble the length of the programme. Some of these requests are particularly humorous, and many of them have been treasured for the amusement they still invoke.

On one occasion Mr. Sousa was handed a dainty note, which said: "A society lady requests that you play the overture to 'Tanhouser' as an encore." This was in the south, and is in direct contrast with the characteristic bluntness of a Western lover of melody, who knew what he wanted and wasn't afraid to say so, in these terms: "Damn Wagner. Play 'The Liberty Bell.'"

While playing in St. Louis, this note was handed to him: "Would it be asking too much if I requested you to play, as an encore, the beautiful opera of 'Martha'? I believe it is by Sullivan."

Sousa also received this one in St. Louis, at the exposition: "The young lady with me requests that you play your charming composition, 'The Ice Cold Cadets.'" Mr. Sousa suspects the young man was aiming at "The High School Cadets."

In Pennsylvania came this anxious request: "I came 40 miles over the mountains to see the man who makes $25,000 a year out of his compositions. Kindly oblige me by playing them all. J. T."

This one came from a young man just aching for information:

"Bandmaster Sousa—Please inform me what is the name of those two instruments that look like gas pipes."

At an afternoon concert, Sousa was handed this note: "Dear Sir—Please play 'Love's Old Sweet Song.' I've got my girl almost to the sticking point, and that will fetch her around, sure."

This, from a musically inclined member of the colored race:

"A colored lady would like to hear a coronet solo by your coronetist."

From an enthusiastic Southerner came this earnest request:

"Please play 'Dixie,' without any trimmings. Music Lover."

Hehe is another sample of the ingenuous request:

"A warm admirer of good music would like to hear 'The Maiden's Prayer' on your band.

The Sousamaniac is always present in force at these concerts, and this is a sample of requests that come from such almost daily:

"Four young ladies would like to suggest the following programme: 'Washington Post,' 'High School Cadets,' 'Liberty Bell,' 'Manhattan Beach,' 'Directorate,' 'King Cotton' and 'El Capitan.'"

DOCTORS TESTIFY.

There's strong testimony by eminent physicians of wonderful cures made by Dr. Chase's Family Remedies—particularly Dr. Chase's Ointment. *

Jersey Cream

Unsurpassed for Home Use, Hotels and Mining Camps

Ask Your Grocer for a can.

TRURO CONDENSED MILK CO.

I hereby give notice that I will at the next meeting of the License Commissioners for the city of Victoria, B. C., apply for a transfer of the license to sell wines, spirits and liquors by retail, now held by me for the Jubilee saloon, No. 49 Johnson street, Victoria, to John McPherson and Hugh Simpson, of the said city of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., January 16th, 1899. JOSEPH BALL.

Witness: David Leeming (clerk to E. M. Johnson), Victoria, B. C

B.C. YEAR BOOK, 1897

By R. E. GOSNELL

Cloth .....$1 50 per copy

Paper Cover .. 1 00 per copy

THE TRADE SUPPLIED.

This book contains very complete historical, political, statistical, agricultural, mining and general information of British Columbia. Profusely illustrated.

THE COLONIST P. & P. CO., LTD.

VICTORIA, B.C.

B. C. Pottery Co'y, Limited.

22½ Pandora St.

... VICTORIA ...

Fire Bricks, Pressed Bricks, Sewer Pipe, Etc.

WHY Buy Cheap Grades of Bicycles, when you can get the best for the same prices?

VICTORS, - $55.00

STEARNS, - - $50.00

IMPERIAL. - $40.00

JOHN BARNSLEY & CO. AGENTS. 119 Government St.

Also Agents for Taylor's Fire-Proof Safes.

Merchants' Bank of Halifax

INCORPORATED 1869.

Capital paid up - - $1,500,000

Rest - - - - - - 1,250,000

Branches of this Bank are now Established at. . . .

ATLIN and BENNETT

Drafts issued and money transferred. A general banking business transacted. Gold dust assayed and purchased.

G. A TAYLOR, Manager Victoria Branch

J. F. FOULKES & CO.

STOCKBROKERS, REAL ESTATE, and INSURANCE AGENTS.....

Rents and Interest collected.

35 Fort St., Victoria, B. C.

FOR SALE

14¾ acres of first-class land, cleared and fenced, with 8-room 2-story house, model stables and coach house, piggery, chicke house, windmill and well. 450 fruit tree in bearing, also small fruits and gardens Favorable terms, on application.

E. M. JOHNSON,

No. 6 Broughton street.

P. O. Box 188, Victoria, B. C.

OAK HALL

The New Spring Styles

are ready for your inspection. Our counters are loaded with them.

See them in our window. Hundreds of Tailor-Made Suits—Suits that FIT THE FORM.

You are cordially invited to inspect our Spring Showings.

McCandless Bros.

37 JOHNSON STREET.

ELEPHANT IRONITE FLOOR PAINTS. COPPER PAINT, The only anti-fouling paint

THE

Canada Paint Company, Limited.

THE PAINT COMPANY OF CANADA

SPECIALTIES:

Ship Varnishes.
Pure Prepared Paints.
"Elephant White Lead.
Superfine Coach Colors.
Turpentine.
Linseed Oil.
Lamp Black.
Ultramarine Blue.
Tube Colors.
Liquid Coach Colors.
Bicycle Enamel.
Boat Varnish.
Borax.
Bronze.
Golden Ochre.
Chrome Yellow.
Fillers.
Graphite.
Window Blind Green.
Domestic Colors.
Graining Colors.
Liquid Paints.
Yellow Ochre.

SPECIAL NOTICE:

Although we are in the midst of a very heavy spring trade we take this opportunity of reminding you that stocks will occasionally run short in these days of quick turnovers, and that sorting up orders, large or small, will receive prompt attention and are shipped quickly.

Please note that the shipping facilities of The Canada Paint Company, Victoria, are not surpassed by any corporation on this continent, and no finer Varnishes, Paints and Colors are made anywhere than the goods we offer.

Our trade is increasing in all departments, and we again cordially thank you for your liberal support.

Yours faithfully,

The Canada Paint Co., Ld.

Manufacturers, Victoria, Toronto, Montreal.

SPECIALTIES:

Glue.
Oxide.
Stains.
Paris Green.
Pumic Stone.
Putty.
Red Lead.
Roofing Paint.
Burnt Umber.
Raw Umber.
Burnt Sienna.
Raw Sienna.
Shellac.
Coach Varnish.
House Varnish.
Dryers.
Gold Size Japan.
Top Dressing.
Shingle Stains.
Smalts.
Stove Pipe Varnish.
Vermilllion.
Whiting.
Zinc.
Gold Leaf.

BOVRIL

A SAFEGUARD IN COLD WEATHER.

BOVRIL unlike the artificial Stimulants so commonly resorted to RALLIES THE SYSTEM up to a resisting point. It supplies a store of warmth from a store of strength. IT NOURISHES THE BLOOD and makes Brain, Bone and Muscle. It is the surest SAFEGUARD AGAINST COLDS, CHILLS, and kindred ailments, and has proved invaluable in arresting incipient influenza.

BOVRIL, Limited.

30 Farringdon St LONDON, Eng. Canadian Branch 25-27 St. Peter St. MONTREAL.

A SNAP

Two Thousand Yards of..... Brussels Carpets

2,000 YARDS

The best we have yet offered at the price...

...GENUINE...

Brussels Carpets

Beautiful in design and color
Made from fine selected wool
The best dyes alone used.

Grasp this opportunity, make an early choice and get a REAL BARGAIN at.....

WEILER BROS.

51 to 55 Fort St.

Albion Iron Works Co, Ltd.

Are now offering their large variety of

STOVES and RANGES

At Wholesale Prices

Don't buy an Imported Stove when ou can buy the Home-made Article for less money.

A call at their store-rooms on Store Street and Pembroke Street will convince you.

Plating in all its Branches is now Executed by Competent Workmen

FIFTY CASES ...

NEW SPRING GOODS

.....JUST OPENED

Spring Samples for Eastern Tailor Made Suits Just to Hand.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.

Clothiers, Hatters, and Outfitters....

97 Johnson Street Victoria, B. C.

HEISTERMAN & CO.,

Real Estate and... Insurance Agents.

Interest and Rents Collected. Settlements prompt made

75 GOVERNMENT STREET

WE GUARANTEE

PURITY AND ACCURACY

In compounding physic ans prescriptions.

Hall & Co, Dispensing Chemists, Clarence Blk.

Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

THE LOCAL NEWS.

Use Blue Ribbon Baking Powder.

Look for blue label cigars. *

Demand blue label cigars. *

Boycott non-union cigars. *

Majestic Ranges at Cheapside. *

Smoke union-make cigars. *

Carpenters' Tools at Cheapside. *

Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental. *

Dominion bicycles, $40, at Geo. C. Hinton & Co.'s. *

See the "Perfect" chainless bicycles—ladies' and gents'—at Hinton's. *

We have received our spring stock of Frilled Muslin Curtains. The goods are very dainty and pretty. Weiler Bros. *

If you have beauty,
I will take it—
If you have none
I will make it.
Savannah, Photo.

Wall Paper! Wall Paper! Samples sent to any part of the province by Weiler Bros. *

McClary's famous steel ranges and stoves at Clark & Pearson's. *

S.S. Cutch will sail from Porter's wharf at 6 p.m. on Friday, March 24th, for Skagway and B. C. way ports. *

Adelina Patti Cream for beautifying the complexion. Face steaming, massage and scalp treatment, etc., etc., at Mrs. C. Koshe, sole agent for Danderine, the only hair renewer. *

Stylish American and English Sailors at the Sterling, 88 Yates street. *

The largest stock of fishing tackle in the city just received direct from England at Henry Short & Sons', 72 Douglas street. Established 1862. *

S.S. Cutch will sail from Porter's wharf at 6 p.m. on Friday, March 24th, for Skagway and B. C. way ports. *

Angus McLeod, champion of Canada, won during season 1898 26 firsts, 4 seconds, 3 thirds. He also holds all records from one mile up to thirty. Won on a 100-gear E. & D. J. L. Beckwith, agent, 40 Johnson street. *

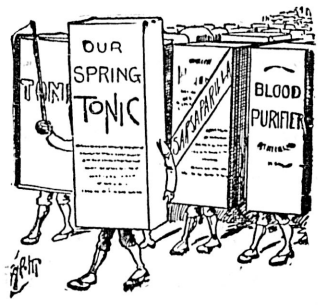
New Books.—"The Open Question of Elizabeth Robbins," Haggard's "Swallow," "The White Lady of Khaminavatka," by Savage, and many others. The Victoria Book and Stationery Co. (late Jamieson's). *

Change of Venue.—A change of venue from Victoria to Rossland was yesterday granted in the case of the Lillooet, Fraser River & Cariboo Goldfields Company v. the Columbia & Western Railway Company, and the date of the trial fixed for May 1. This is an action for damages claimed by the plaintiffs for an alleged trespass on their property, the City of Spokane mineral claim.

"Spider and Fly."—Mr. B. Leavitt's spectacular extravaganza "Spider and Fly" will be seen at the Victoria theatre on Monday evening. The organization is headed by the favorite burlesque artist Miss Georgie Putnam. There are thirty people in the company including a dozen or more high class vaudeville novelties. A ballot and chorus of sixteen pretty girls are one of the features.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure; 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.



To Fight Disease

SUCCESSFULLY,

During the changeable Spring and Hot Summer months, the system should receive a toning up now. And for this purpose our Extract of Sarsaparilla with Iodides has no superior. It is the most efficacious Spring Medicine, removes impurities from the system and puts new life into Torpid Liver and Sluggish blood, a splendid all-round Tonic. Beef, Iron and Wine also for the very delicate.

G. H. BOWES Chemist

Tel. 425. 100 Gov't St., near Yates St.

Borne to the Grave.—There was a very large attendance at the funeral of the late Mrs. Rowlands, which took place yesterday from the family residence on the Burnside road and later from St. John's church. Rev. Percival Jenns officiated and the pallbearers were Messrs. J. H. Meldram, S. Sea., jr., C. S. Wilkinson, J. W. Carey, R. Porter and J. F. Chandler.

Journalists Coming.—J. C. Crome of Winnipeg, who is in town, announces that it is the intention of the Western Canada Press Association to visit the Coast about the 1st of June next. The association is composed of the staffs of the various newspapers in Manitoba and the Northwest, and Mr. Walter Scott, of the Regina Leader, is president.

Court House Changes.—Plans have been completed by Mr. F. M. Rattenbury for the proposed alterations to the court house for which the legislature voted $12,000. The main entrance is to be on Bastion Square, and will lead into a square hall, from which a marble and iron stairway will ascend to the County and Small Debts courts on the first floor and the Assize and Full courts on the upper floor. An extra court room will be made out of the space at present used for the main stairway and large corridor on the Langley street side of the building. The portico over the present main entrance will be removed and the main floor, which is now cellar-like, will be changed into a comfortable and well lighted land registry office. The building will be made as near fire-proof as possible.

Not Yet Affiliated.—In connection with the recent organization of a trust to control the cracker manufacturing trade of the Pacific Coast, a rumor has been current during several days past that the trade of British Columbia would join the new organization. This announcement is now declared by persons most competent to know, to be decidedly premature. The trust is practically confining its operations to California, and while one of its representatives visited Seattle a day or two ago to look over the Puget Sound field, he did not come as far as this province. The trade of the California factories with British Columbia is so small—thanks to the excellence of M. R. Smith & Co.'s product to a great extent—that there is little fear that there will be any effort made to capture the trade of this province or to bring it into the domain of the trust.

Ferry Connection.—The dropping of a line made an item appearing yesterday morning in respect to the Port Angeles & Eastern railway, unintelligible. The item should have read: "The promoters of the Port Angeles & Eastern railway, who on Tuesday had a conference with the railway committee of the Committee of Fifty, have agreed to submit a proposition for running a ferry between Victoria and Port Angeles, when the road has been completed. The committee, it is understood, were unanimously of the opinion that nothing less than a railway ferry would be satisfactory—that is, that loaded cars would have to be brought to Victoria, and a fast steamer put on the run for passenger service. The promoters' proposition will be submitted to the committee next week."

The Result of Advertising.—Last Sunday Messrs. George C. Hinton & Co., the local agents of the Welland Vale cyclists, took up a full page of the Colonist's advertising space with an announcement of the merits of their line of wheels. The next day and the day following they and their clerks had almost more business than they could handle, the sale of forty-four bicycles being reported for the two days. Mr. Hinton is a shrewd business man, and knows how to appreciate the relationship between cause and effect. An advertisement that the people can't get away from; that holds their attention and compels them to read it and afterwards remember it; and which other people talk about, is, he is ready to admit, the best lever that the business man can make use of.

Possible Victims.—There is no anxiety so distressing as that based upon uncertainty, it is said, and Mr. Edwin H. Bell, who has been a guest at the Hotel Victoria during several days past, is about ready to admit without qualification the truth of the axiom. Mr. Bell is well known all over America; he was here several months ago as leading man of the Henderson Dramatic Company, and he is also known in a managerial capacity among all the theatrical folk of America. His wife, Miss Maude Harrison, has since her introduction to the stage been a member of A. M. Palmer's New York company. What constitutes Mr. Bell's anxiety is that ever since the Windsor hotel fire in New York he has been unable to obtain any information as to the safety of his wife, and of her mother, Mrs. Harrison. They have always been great friends of Manager Leland, of that hotel, and it was their custom on the occasion of any big street parades to go to the Windsor in order to witness the show. When the news came that the Windsor had been burned to the ground with frightful loss of life, during the St. Patrick's Day parade, Mr. Bell at once took alarm, and wired to New York for news of the members of his family. As yet he has been unable to obtain any reply, and the fear is forcing itself upon him that they are to be numbered among the unidentified dead.

The great G. & J. detachable tire is fitted on all Rambler Bicycles

KEEP TO THE COMPACT

Vancouver Island's Representation in the Commons Should Not Be Reduced.

Taking of the Census a Condition Precedent to Any Redistribution.

Representative Victorians Discuss the Latest Liberal Injustice to Victoria.

The publication in the leading Liberal newspapers of the news that the redistribution bill to be considered in the House of Commons this session proposes the reduction of Victoria's representation from two members to one, has very naturally aroused a general expression of disapproval here, and excited much comment upon the contemplated injustice. Both Liberals and Conservatives appear agreed that a redefinition of the Vancouver island constituencies may be in order after the census of 1901. They are also agreed, however, that the compact made at Confederation that the Island should retain three members, should not be departed from, nor the constitutional law be voilated which provides that redistribution or re-adjustment of representation shall only take place subsequent to the decennial census. Indeed one representative Victorian, a legal gentleman, goes so far as to question whether the contemplated action would until the taking of the census be intra vires of the powers of parliament. In order that Victorians might have the views of their representative public men upon this interesting subject, members of the Colonist staff yesterday afternoon waited upon a number of these gentlemen with the object of presenting their opinions. The results are here given:

Senator Templeman was first of all called upon and asked for an expression of his opinion. This he declined to give.

What reason, he asked, had anyone for believing that the reduction of Victoria's representation was contemplated?

It was pointed out that press telegrams announced this to be the intention of the government—the Vancouver World, for example, a representative Liberal paper, made the statement on the authority of its Ottawa correspondent.

"We have had no such information," said Senator Templeman—speaking then as managing editor of the Times newspaper. In any event he had nothing to say for publication in the Colonist. He would express his views on the subject from his place in the Senate, and he was indeed surprised that the Colonist should ask him for an expression of opinion.

Again it was pointed out to Hon. Mr. Templeman that the Colonist asked for his views as a Senator—not as the head of the Times newspaper.

The Senator promptly affirmed that it was impossible to disassociate his two capacities, and intimated that he looked upon it as an impertinence to attempt to interview him. The Colonist, he asserted, had always treated him with marked unfairness.

And he absolutely and finally refused to be interviewed by the Colonist.

Mr. George Riley, president of the Liberal Association, was quite ready to express an opinion, but thought that it would perhaps be well to wait for a more definite and authoritative declaration of the government's intentions. All Victorians would of course be agreed that the representation of the city should not be interfered with, although he could not say that the two members were any great advantage.

He had understood it to be a condition at Confederation that the representation of the Island should be three and that of the Mainland three; and this being the case it would be nothing else than a breach of faith with the city and the province to disturb this adjustment.

Lieut.-Col. F. B. Gregory, who is admitted to be a standard bearer and champion of the Liberal party in Victoria, was equally unprepared to express a considered opinion. He had not investigated the unit of representation adopted by the Dominion, and could not say therefore whether or not Victoria was entitled to one or two members. Of course the city had had two members for a very long time and he would be glad to see it continue to have two members.

Mr. Thomas Earle, M.P., looked upon the proposal of the government, as at present announced in the press, as more in the nature of an elimination than a re-adjustment of representation. He could quite well understand that it might be well to re-adjust the constituencies for Vancouver Island, but the number of members should not be reduced. At the time the present arrangement was adopted, Victoria City had had the preponderance of population, and giving two members here was therefore justified.

Since that time considerable development had taken place in other parts of the Island, and there could—he held—be little objection to a re-definition of constituencies, letting Victoria for example, include the city and the southern end of the Island, with Alberni and Saanich; and Nanaimo district comprise the cities of Nanaimo and Wellington, the adjacent islands, and the northern end of the Island.

By this plan, which had been in contemplation indeed in the last days of the late Conservative government, representation of Vancouver Island's interests would be better distributed than now, while the adopted factor of three members for the Island would not be improperly set aside. He sincerely hoped that something of this nature would eventually be decided upon.

His Worship Mayor Redfern trusted that the intention of the government had been misunderstood by the press correspondents, and that the reduction of Island representation was not contemplated. He did not see how it could be, in view of the well understood condition that the Island should have a minimum of three and the Mainland also three members—to go beyond this defined provision seemed outside the power of parliament, although he was prepared to admit that a re-definition of the Island districts might with propriety be decided upon.

Mr. G. A. Kirk, president of the British Columbia board of trade, had not yet had time to consider the proposal and the questions involved in it. At a glance it appeared to him in the nature of a retaliation upon Victoria for having returned two Conservative members, and he should very much regret to see such a policy of political revenge prevail in Canada. The matter was not yet decided, however, and it might be that the information of the government's intentions, as outlined in the redistribution bill, had been incorrectly stated.

Mr. H. D. Helmcken, M. P. P., did not see any advantage in anticipating misfortunes. He had as yet seen nothing to justify him in accepting it as a fact that Victoria's representation was to be reduced, and until then he preferred not to advance his arguments why such a course should not be pursued.

Dr. G. L. Milne, ex-M. P. P., who has been a close student of matters political during several years past, was astonished that a proposition to change the representation of the city of Victoria should be put forward, although he had seen some discussion of the subject in the Mainland papers—the question had not been taken up here in Victoria. According to the reading of the confederation act, he continued, three members were allowed Vancouver Island and three to the Mainland of the province. In his opinion this division should remain, in any event until after a census, when an increase of representation would doubtless be granted the province and more members be allowed the Mainland. A change could be made which would improve the condition of Vancouver Island, by dividing the Island into three constituencies, as at present Mr. W. W. B. McInnes, M. P., as member for Nanaimo, controlled the patronage for the entire Island, and represented all the Island outside of the city of Victoria.

In any event, the withdrawal of one member from the Island was not according to the original arrangement, which should be preserved intact, for the present at all events.

Mr. A. E. McPhillips, M. P. P., interpreted the contemplated removal of one member from Victoria as foreshadowing a general election next summer, for in any other event the government would not in any likelihood undertake to disregard the stipulation in the British North America act making redistribution in all cases subsequent to a taking of the census.

Indeed, he very much doubted if it lay within the power of the Dominion government at the present time to interfere with the representation of this or any other constituency—the taking of the census being very distinctly defined as a condition invariably precedent to any readjustment of representation.

Taking the Terms of Union, section 8, it would be found provided that: "British Columbia shall be entitled to be represented in the senate by three members, and by six members in the House of Commons. The representation to be increased under the provisions of the British North America act, 1867."

Then, turning to this governing act of the Imperial parliament, it was found first that: "In the general census of the population of Canada, which is hereby required to be taken in 1871 and in every tenth year thereafter, the respective populations of the provinces shall be distinguished."

And later on in the same act: "On the completion of the census in the year 1871, and of each subsequent decennial census, the representation of the four provinces shall be readjusted by such authority, in such manner, and for such time as the parliament of Canada from time to time provides," etc.

The express condition in the Terms of Union that the British North America act shall apply to all readjustments of representation, Mr. McPhillips held to determine that the decennial census—next to take place in 1901—must always be a condition precedent to redistribution. And this being the case, such a redistribution as alleged to be contemplated would at the present time be ultra vires of the federal parliament.

Mr. Richard Hall, M. P. P., took the same stand precisely as his colleague in the legislature above quoted. The only argument that could be adduced for a rearrangement of representation would be, he held, that the location and preponderance of population were changing, and this was a matter upon which no definite knowledge could be had until the taking of a general census. At the same time he, too, insisted that the well understood agreement that the Island should retain at least three members should not be violated.

Smart Weed and Belladonna, combined with the other ingredients used in the best porous plasters, make Carter's S. W. & B. Backache Plasters take best in the market. Price 25 cents.

THE WHITE HOUSE

Spring Opening

.....TO-DAY

Pemberton & Son 45 Fort St. Victoria, B. C.

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agents

MONEY TO LOAN

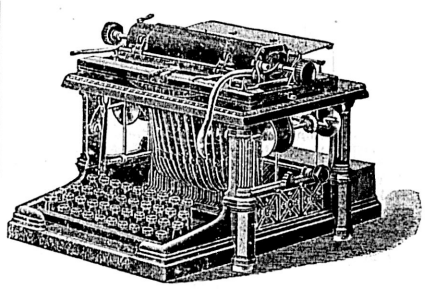
On Productive Properties at Very Low Rates

MANTELS, GRATES, and TILES,

Complete Fireplace Outfits in Latest Designs always on hand. An inspection invited Call and see them at cor. Langley and Courtney sts. Near Post Office.

Agent for..... LUXFER PRISMS. W J. ANDERSON

The "REM-SHO" Typewriter.



A combination of the best points of all machines. To summarize the leading features of the "Rem-Sho" No. 2 Model: It has the Universal Keyboard, Rigid Roller-Bearing Carriage, New and Beautiful Design and Finish, Permanent Alignment, Ball Bearing Automatically Locked Basket Shift, New Centre Shift, Straight Away Ribbon Feed, Perfectly Adjustable Escapement, Long and Short Carriage, Extra Platens, Perfect Paper Feed, Right-hand Rack Release, Reversible Detent, and Writes Beyond Margin.

GEO. C. HINTON & CO., = AGENTS

Assaulted a Woman.—The only case in the city police court yesterday arose through an over-indulgence in drink, a klootchman making complaint against a white man who had called at her home and struck her several times in the face—for which offence he was fined $10 and costs. The woman does not bear a good name, but for all that she objects to having drunken men about her premises, and this was her excuse for ordering the white man away. He declined the invitation to depart—hence the trouble.

Concession to Travellers.—In the Colonist a few days ago extended reference was made to the good work that the Northwest Travellers' Association is doing and has done for the knights of the grip in this province, now becoming more and more numerous yearly. Since the publication of the article in question, a fresh concession—and a very important one—has been obtained. Both the N. P. F. and the G. N. R. now honor the cards of the provincial association over their lines, allowing the same reductions in fares that are granted on this side of the line. This action on the part of the railways in question is generally understood to be for the distinct purpose of securing the trade of the British Columbia drummers working in the Kootenay district from the Coast.

Want a Jury.—No case has probably been before the courts of British Columbia in more ways than the now celebrated case of the Iron Mask v. Centre Star, arising out of an alleged attempt of the defendant company to follow an ore vein through the Iron Mask claim. Every possible point has been fought out from court to court, and there are still several appeals from decisions on points of law, pending. The latest phase of the case developed yesterday when application was made before Mr. Justice Martin by the plaintiffs for a trial with jury. The argument lasted all day and judgment was reserved. Mr. A. H. Macneill, Q.C., and Mr. L. P. Duff appeared for the plaintiffs and Mr. A. G. Galt and E. P. Davis, Q.C., for the defendants.

KINKS ....of Fashion.

The width of a seam, size of a button, or the location of a pocket, may sometimes determine the up-to-dateness of the garment. We give the closest attention to the little kinks of fashion.

$10.00

Men's drab tweed summer suits, sateen body lining, extra well tailored, correct style, just the suit for your Easter outfit—ten dollars.

W. G. Cameron

The Acknowledged Cheapest Cash Clothier in Vitcoria, 55 Johnson Street.

That Hankering...

which people have for dainty foods can be satisfied at Pottinger's to day.

PURE CREAM PUFFS, 40c. doz.
CUSTARD CREAM PUFFS, 25c. doz.
LEMON CREAM PIES, 35c. each.

D. R. POTTINGER'S

Ideal Provision Store, 72 Yates St., Between Government and Broad.

THE WESTSIDE

Ladies' English Cycling Waterproofs....

The Stylish half-length garments so fashionable this season. The correct thing for showry days when awheel—or off a wheel for that matter. Now is the time to prepare for April showers

Our showing of New York Novelty Blouses . . .

Has been very much admired and pronounced the handsomest and most attractive collection of the season

It is our ambition to surpass all previous records during the closing year of the century. We have the necessary stock to carry out our plans, and with your co-operation it will be possible.

March 20, '99 The Hutcheson Company, Ltd.

Latest from Klondyke.

Unanimous decision at Miners convention

After examination of many Outfits we find that the best goods for least money came from the Old Reliable Clothing House of W. & J. Wilson Victoria B. C.

E. G. PRIOR & Co.

LIMITED LIABILITY

Cor. Government and Johnson Sts. VICTORIA, and Hastings Street, : Vancouver

Iron, Steel, Hardware;

Wagons and Vehicles

Miners' and Loggers' Supplies

Agricultural Implements.

Massey-Harris Bicycles $55.00

Bicycles ! Bicycles !! Bicycles !!!

The railroad companies are all too slow, because they cannot land MONARCH and TRIBUNE BICYCLES..... here quick enough to supply the demand.

Ride a Monarch and keep in Front, The Tribune a gentleman's wheel

Bicycles overhauled and cleaned. Repairing a Specialty

Olympic Cyclery, 79 Yates St. T G Moody, jr. Prop.

"FOUR CROWN"

Scotch Whisky

AGENTS

TURNER, BEETON & CO

NOLTE

GLASSES ADJUSTED. 37 EYES TESTED FREE.

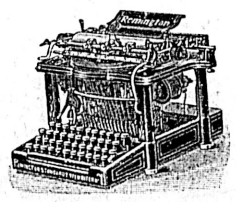
FORT ST.

GET YOUR BICYCLES OVERHAULED, CLEANED and ENAMELLED.

BEST WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED

At the I.X.L. CYCLERY

65 Yates Street, Opp. Fire Hall.



The REMINGTON

is the standard of the world.

So called improvements found on other machines have been tried by the Remington makers, and discarded as useless.

Buy the best Typewriter on the market, and you buy the Remington.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,

Local Dealers : 60 Government St.

J. N. S. WILLIAMS, ENGINEER

is prepared to supply and erect in working order

Mining, Milling and Metallurgical Machinery

by the best makers. Hand, power and diamond rock drills a specialty. Office, No. 14 Board of Trade Bldg. Victoria. P.O. Box 641.

MINES and PROSPECTS

Examined and Reported on.

D. R. IRVINE for 12 years officer of H.M Geological Survey, Scotland, P.O. Box 502. Office at Swinerton and Odd, Victoria, B C experience in B. C.

OFFICIAL GAZETTE.

Notice by the Minister of Mines Respecting Free Miners' Certificates.

Some Minor Appointments to the Provincial Civil Service—New Companies.

Yesterday's Gazette contains the following notice over the signature of the minister of mines: An individual free miner's certificate taken out or renewed before May 1, 1899, is valid for one or more years from the date of issue; any such certificate taken out after May 1, 1899, and before May 31, 1899, will be valid only until such May 31; the fee for such certificate for such fractional part of the year will be pro rata proportionate to the fee for the entire year. A further free miner's certificate may be taken out dating from May 31, 1899, at midnight and valid for one or more years from that date. A table will be issued showing the proportionate rate to be charged for free miner's certificates which are issued covering en'y a portion of a year.

NEW COMPANIES.

The list of new companies, notices of the incorporation of which are given, includes. Klondike Placer Mining and Development Company, Limited, Non-Personal Liability, of Victoria, capital $100,000; Summit-Ymir Mining Company, Limited, Non-Personal Liability, of Nelson, capital $250,000; Terminal City Club, Limited, of Vancouver, capital $15,000, to take over the assets of the Metropolitan Club; Gold Reef Mining and Milling Company, Limited, Non-Personal Liability, of Rossland, capital $60,000; The Zala Consolidated, Limited, of Rossland, capital $600,000; Kamloops Hotel Company, Limited, of Kamloops, capital $50,000; Boscowitz Steamship Company, Limited, of Victoria, capital $25,000.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments are gazetted: Wm. Teague, J.P., of Yale, to be coroner for the province; Harry McAdoo Grahame, of Victoria, to be a notary public for the province; Alvin J. Euvik, of Clayoquot, to be a notary public for Vancouver Island; and Ald. Chas. Hillyer, of Nelson, to be a members of the board of licensing commissioners for that city, vice W. A. Macdonald, resigned. The jurisdiction of Louis Vernon Cuppage as notary public has been changed from Yale district to the county of Nanaimo.

COURTS OF REVISION.

Municipal courts of revision will be held for Coquitlam, at Junction school house, on April 15 at 10 a.m.; for Burnaby, at New Westminster, on April 29 at 10 a.m.; for Greenwood, at Greenwood, April 27 at 10 a.m.; and for Kaslo, at Kaslo, on April 24 at 10 a.m.; and provincial courts of revision for West Kootenay, at Rossland, on May 1 at 10 a.m.; for the West Riding of Lillooet, at Lillooet, on May 1 at 12 o'clock noon; for North Riding of Yale, at Kamloops, on May 1; for South Riding, East Kootenay, at Fort Steele, on May 1 at 10 a.m.; and for Nelson Riding, West Kootenay, at Nelson on May 1 at 1 o'clock noon.

GENERAL NOTICES.

Registration as an extra-provincial company has been granted to the Gold Point Hydraulic Mining Company, the head office of which is in New York and the local office at Quesnelle Forks; William Polley is the attorney, and the capitalization is $500,000.

Mr. A. S. Farwell's expenses in the late election at Nelson were $409.65.

The minister of agriculture has authorized the organization of a farmers' institute at Spallumcheen. The first meeting will be held at Armstrong on April 22.

Application has been made by William Tompkins and Thomas Robinson, of New Westminster, for permission to form a society to be known as "The Christian Commonwealth."

AT LAST

A Remedy Has Been Discovered That Will Permanently Cure Catarrh—Japanese Catarrh Cure Cures.

This is not merely the words of the makers of this remedy, but the assertion is backed by leading physicians and the honorable testimony of hundreds of cured ones, and more. There is an absolute guarantee to cure in every package, or money will be refunded. We will also send two weeks' trial quantity free to any person suffering from this dangerous disease. Japanese Catarrh Cure is a new discovery, being a prescription perfected by one of America's most successful specialists in treating this disease. It is a soothing, penetrating and healing pomade prepared from stainless compounds of iodine and essential oils, to be inserted in the nostrils. The heat of the body melts it, and the very act of breathing carries it to the diseased parts. It reaches, sooths and heals every part of the mucus membrane, curing invariably all forms of catarrh of the nose and throat, and all forms of catarrhal deafness. Mr. Joseph Little, the well-known mill-owner of Port Essington, B. C., writes: "Japanese Catarrh Cure completely cured me of catarrh which had troubled me for 25 years, which time I had spent over $1,000 on remedies and specialists in Toronto and San Francisco. About two years ago I procured six felt the slightest symptoms of my former trouble. I can highly recommend it. Relief came from the first application. We always keep a supply in the mill for cuts and burns, and consider it superior to any other remedy for healing." Sold by all druggists, 50 cents. Sample free; enclose 5-cent stamp. Address the Griffiths & Macpherson Co., Church street, Toronto. *

NORTHERN PUBLIC WORKS.

Mr. Charleson and Party Arrive from the East Last Evening.

There arrived in the city last evening several of the gentlemen who have been entrusted by the Dominion government with important public works which are to be carried out in the Yukon valley. At the head of the party is Mr. J. B. Charleson, the object of whose visit to Victoria is to purchase supplies for the men who are to be engaged in the construction of the Skagway-Dawson telegraph line and those who examined the river with a view to the removal of hindrances to navigation, particularly in Thirty-Mile river, Rink and Five Finger rapids. Mr. Charleson stated last evening that so far he only had general details of what was to be done from Ottawa on Saturday. Work, however, on the telegraph line will go on without delay while the engineers wil lexamine and report on the river work just as quickly as possible.

Mr. J. C. Tache, an engineer of the public works department, who is to report on the river, came over from Vancouver with Mr. Charleson, as did also Messrs. J. E. Gobeil and A. Boyer, secretaries. Mr. Richardson, head of the telegraph construction party, is still in Vancouver. The whole party will proceed north just as soon as final instructions are received from Ottawa.

THE CITY

Election for Alderman, South Ward.—Saturday, 25th, 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. Room 5, City Market. Vote for W. G. Cameron. *

A Record Trip.—The Victoria hotel bus made a record run down Government street last evening, the horses running away, but doing little damage.

To Be Aired in Court.—In the provincial police court this morning the particulars will be furnished of a little "scrap" between two residents of the Saanich peninsula.

Atlin Short Line. — Capt. Wallace Langley left for the North by the Danube last evening. He will go through to Atlin where he has mining interests and will also look over the proposed line of the Atlin Short Line railway, of which he is one of the promoters. This railway is to run from Taku Inlet to Atlin City.

Looking for Business. — Mr. E. G. Hicks, managing director of the Manitoba Produce Company of Winnipeg, represented here by Mr. E. T. Cooper, arrived in the city yesterday on a tour of inspection of the business agencies throughout the Northwest and British Columbia. It is Mr. Hicks' intention to greatly extend their business and bid for a larger share of Victoria trade than heretofore.

A Short Meeting.—There was little to engage the attention of the finance committee of the Board of Trade at the meeting called for yesterday afternoon. A statement of accounts, liabilities and unpaid subscriptions was presented and after the secretary had been instructed to collect the latter the meeting adjourned.

A Free Entertainment.—The pupils of the High School have arranged for a splendid programme in the Pemberton gymnasium this evening, commencing at 8 o'clock. Mr. Finch-Smiles will recite and another feature of the programme will be a debate on the motion "Resolved that man and women occupy the same position and receive the same pay."

Doing Big Business.—Mr. George P. McLaughlin, general travelling representative for Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., of Montreal, has been in Victoria for several days past, a guest at the hotel bearing the city's name, and doing "big business"—as his firm's representatives usually do. Lawrence A. Wilson & Co. are at present the largest wine and spirit merchants in all Canada, controlling no fewer than ten Scotch and Irish distilleries; and also handling the famous Vin Mariani and Gold Lack Sec champagne—two liquids of world repute.

Knights of Pythias.—There was a very largely attended meeting of Victoria lodge No. 17, K. of P. last evening and considerable important business was disposed of. Three applicants were initiated into the mysteries of the page rank, one elected and nine propositions received. A number of visiting brethren were present, among whom were R. J. Tufts, of Boston; C. H. Haggarty, of Philadelphia; J. Moore and A. Caning, of Helena, Mont.; W. A. Smith, A. Godding, Chas. Cushing and R. Wallace, of Los Angeles, Cal. After tshe meeting the members sat down to a sumptuous repast prepared by the caterer, P. A. P. Phillips, during which speeches, songs and recitations were rendered and greatly enjoyed by all present.

Organ Recital.—Among the many acceptable numbers of next Tuesday evening's organ recital at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church are Sullivan's "Lost Chord," and a "Vesper Chime," sung by Mr. Pilling. His voice will also be heard in a very effective duet with Miss Clark's pleasing soprano. The most noteworthy feature will be the singing of two manuscript songs by Miss Laura Loewen, whose expressive singing last year at a similar event created such a favorable impression. The two solos are from the pen of a rising Victoria composer, the organist of St. Andrew's. His latest musical setting to the familiar words "Abide with me" is composed expressly for Miss Loewen's voice. The tasteful obligato playing from Mr. Ernest Powell's violin will accompany both songs.

New Time Card.—A new E. & N. time card has been issued to take effect on Saturday of this week. North bound trains will leave Victoria as follows: No. 2 daily except Sunday, 9 a.m., arriving at Nanaimo 11:59 a.m. and Wellington 12:20 p.m.; No. 4 leaves Victoria Saturday 4:35 p.m. and is due at Nanaimo at 7:30 p.m. and Wellington at 7:42; No. 8 leaves Victoria on Sunday at 8 a.m. and is due at Nanaimo at 10:55 a.m. and Wellington at 11:07 a.m.; No. 10 leaves Victoria on Sunday at 2:00 p.m. and is due at Nanaimo at 5:00 p.m. and at Wellington at 5:12 p.m. The south bound trains will leave Wellington as follows: No. 1 daily, except Sundays, at 8:20 a.m., leaving Nanaimo at 8:41 a.m. and due in Victoria at 11:40 a.m. No. 3 leaves Wellington on Saturday at 4:45 p.m., Nanaimo at 4:56 p.m., and is due at Victoria at 7:55 p.m.; No. 7 leaves Wellington at 8:10 a.m. Sunday, Nanaimo at 8:21 a.m. and is due at Victoria at 11:20 a.m.; No. 9 leaves Wellington Sundays at 4:50 p.m., Nanaimo at 5:06 p.m. and is due in Victoria at 8:00 p.m.

THE HUNT.

To-morrow's Meeting.

The members of the Victoria Hunt Club will meet to-morrow for their weekly cross-country run, at the residence of Mr. J. D. Prentice, Rockland avenue, at 2:30 o'clock. A race meeting of the club will be held at Colwood Plains on April 22.

BASKET BALL.

Match This Evening.

The James Bays play their last game in the league to-night at the Drill hall, when they meet No. 1 Company. The game will start sharp at 9 o'clock and a hard fight is expected. No. 1 Company team is as follows: Guard, B. Schwengers; backs, S. O'Brien and C. Schwengers; forwards, Gamble, Fawcett, McMicking and McLean. Mr. D. O'Sullivan will officiate as referee.

The following will represent the Bays: F. Smith, W. Stephen, M. Finlaison, H. Galbraith, C. McNeill, R. Jesse and A. E. Belfry.

Grand Millinery Opening on Tuesday, Wednesday and following Days at The Sterling, 88 Yates Street

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

Danube Leaves for the North With Many Passengers and a Good Freight.

Steamer Thistle Being Fitted Up to Temporarily Take the Nanaimo's Place.

With a crowd of cannery employees on deck the C. P. N. steamship Danube resembled an Asiatic liner leaving for the North last evening. She was not full of cargo but in her hold was to be found more freight than would fill the ordinary packet, there being supplies for the northern canneries, boxed goods for Dawson and Atlin and some material for Capt. John Irving's new steamer at Bennett. In this was to be found some wooden carpeting, the first seen on this coast and supposed to be superior to all other kinds for rough usage while providing the same furnishing effect. The Danube carried over one hundred Chinese and her saloon list was as follows: R. F. Wollaston, J. Greenhalgh, J. Mackie, M. Mackay, D. Dallas, F. W. Strong, E. Talford, J. Talford, S. Mackay, Capt. De la Haye, Capt. Wallace Langley, D. Brogan, James Adams, D. Fair, A. Cameron, C. MacLeish, J. Deitchman, J. B. Blackie, P. R. Blackie, J. Newell, W. Salt, L. Cuppage, Mrs. R. D. Hitchcock and maid, H. Pennie, W. Epson, A. Chambers, C. Challoner, Capt. A. Foster, C. Clearihue, J. Duffie and H. R. Ella. Of the above Mr. Wollaston goes to Atlin to take charge of Wilson Bros.' store; Capt. Foster and De la Haye are going to Atlin and Capt. Langley is going to Atlin.

WILL CHANGE PLACES.

Steamer Thistle is undergoing several radical changes. She is being made into more of a passenger steamer, with a view to replacing the City of Nanaimo on the Vancouver-Nanaimo route while the latter is receiving her new boilers.

MARINE NOTES.

Instead of taking the bark Brunel up to the Fraser yesterday the tug Lorne crossed over to Port Angeles for the American ship Glory of the Seas, which was to tow to Departure Bay while the Czar took the other craft up to the river.

Capt. Conradi of the steamer Garonne, who is now in the city, says his steamer will be placed in dock in Esquimalt before she runs to St. Michael.

A telegram received yesterday reported the sealing schooner Zillah May with a catch of 205 skins. She was spoken last Monday by a steamer bound for San Francisco and the following day the Diana was spoken in 43.30 north and 124.50 west with 350 skins.

Steamer Boscowitz will sail for Naas river and way ports to-morrow in command of Capt. W. H. Whitely.

The steam collier Wyefield passed up from sea yesterday morning.

The German bark Atlanta reached Liverpool with salmon cargo from the Fraser river on Tuesday.

Tug Pilot will be hauled on Turpel's ways to-day for a cleaning and painting.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer from Vancouver.
Str. Kingston from Port Townsend.
Str. Pilot from Juneau.
Str. Czar from Juneau.
Str. Maude from Comox.
Str. Princess Louise from Westminster.
Str. Garland from Port Angeles.
Sloop Eileen from Vancouver.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer for Vancouver.
Str. Kingston for Port Townsend.
Str. Lorne for Port Angeles.
Str. Garland for Port Angeles.
Str. Princess Louise for Westminster.
Str. Comox for Comox.
Str. Capilano for Nanaimo.
Sloop Eileen for Vancouver.

PERSONAL.

M. M. Boyd, of the Cowichan Lumber Company, returned from Seattle last evening.

N. P. Shaw was a passenger inward on the Kingston last evening.

Miss Hammond came over from Port Townsend last evening.

Walter Borns, who formerly owned several sealing schooners sailing from this port, arrived last evening from New York.

E. A. Morris returned last evening from Vancouver.

L. H. Hardie, H. Logan and Alex. McDermott were passengers inward on the Charmer last evening.

F. J. Wheeler, of the Great Northern, Vancouver, is at the Driard.

Col. James S. Coolican and Thomas Howell, of Port Angeles, are guests at the Driard.

A. E. J. Percival, mine owner, of Spokane, accompanied by Mrs. Percival, is at the Driard.

H. R. Ella, of the Victoria & Yukon Trading Company left by the Danube for the North on his way to Dawson City.

To all who find themselves with health gradually slipping away, kidneys and liver so disorganized that they are incapable of keeping the system free from poisonous waste material, stomach disordered, bowels constipated, head aching, back paining, take Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. The quick way they help you back to health will surprise you

PUGILIST GOES INSANE.

Chicago, March 23.—Albert Griffith, the Australian pugilist, known as "Young Griffo," was declared insane today by a jury of physicians. He was sent to Jefferson asylum. Little hope of his recovery is entertained.

OLD MAN DROWNED.

Toronto, March 23.—Samuel Leatherman, an old man of 80, missing from home since Sunday, was found drowned in the bay this afternoon. He was very feeble and no doubt fell in.

INFLUENZA.

Paris, March 23.—Paris is suffering from the scourge of influenza. The deaths during the last seven days have been 238 above the average.

Berlin, March 23.—The influenza is raging here, and the death rate is heavy.

BATTLESHIP AGROUND.

Berlin, March 23.—The German battleship Oldenburg broke her anchor and went aground near Kiel to-day during a heavy snow storm.

SEED POTATOES—We have in Early Rose, Burbank Seedlings and Flour Balls; now is your time to plant; don't delay, the season is getting late. Sylvester Feed Co., Ltd., City Market. Telephone 413.

BOERS ARE HARD CHARACTERS.

They Have Very Little Respect for Britishers and There Are Prospects of War.

A friend writing to Mr. Wm. Robertson, of Salt Spring Island, gives this picture of affairs in South Africa:

Trade in South Africa is very bad just now, and this is due in large measure to the crisis at the Rand. The Dutch Boer, especially when armed with Winchester or revolver, does not care a grain of sawdust for the Britisher when in a tight corner, and a Dutch policeman shot one of our fellow subjects the other week in cold blood dead as a Loch Fyne herring on the jetty of Inverary. There was a great hullabaloo, and protests were sent to the high commissioner and Mr. Chamberlain; public meetings were held in Johannesburg, at which the Boers took possession of the place of gathering—an amphitheatre capable of holding 2,500 persons. They cleared out and mauled the defenceless Britishers, piled up the chairs and other furniture in hopeless fragments, and threatened to make a big bonfire of the whole show. British subjects have been assaulted and imprisoned with hardly the shadow of a pretext, and unless the Imperial authorities interfere in time there will be a row. It is calculated that there are about 10,000 Imperial troops in South Africa, all of whom could be concentrated around the Transvaal border within a few days, and in addition there are from 10,000 to 15,000 volunteers, all of them "Queen's men" to the backbone—the Highland volunteers are loyal in every pleat of their braid kilts, and every skell of their pipes. When the boil or "fleilu" will break, goodness only knows, but the sooner the better.

The Dutch Boer of the old type, who is in the majority as burghers and voters in the Transvaal, is a queer sort of "coo." He reads his Bible and swears at the Uitlander or Britisher under his breath when he is by himself, and with a voice like a roaring lion when he is in crowds. He prays morning and evening, but it is to an avenging Almighty who is prepared to shoot, hang, draw, quarter and rob the poor Britisher at the Boer's sweet will. He poses as the emblem of innocence and simplicity of Christianity in a primitive, pure state, and of humanity like unto that of the angels of Heaven; but he lambastes his unfortunate niggers without mercy, would put a bullet into an unarmed Englishman in the name of the Lord, and is open to bribery to the extent of their purse; that is, if you cant buy him with a five pound note he will take a sovereign! Paul Kruger, the president, is the chief of Boer humbugs, and I am afraid that the only prospect of relief and reform will arrive to view when he sails to kingdom come.

If there is a newspaper office close to your house you can hand the foregoing to the editor as from a brother "paper-stainer," a weary traveller in this vale of journalistic pen, ink and paste-pot, a "paper Johnny" who knows this country well, and whose 18 years' experience of it convinces him that the day of rest and confidence and lasting prosperity will not come until the Union Jack floats from the Zambesi to Capetown.

Why, the Boers of the Transvaal actually threaten to blow up the gold mines in the event of a row, and please don't forget that last year these same mines actually yielded over £16,000,000 worth of the imperishable "dust."

January 31, 1899.

Since writing the above the Transvaal trouble has simmered down, and we are going through a share boom which won't last. I notice from the English papers that British Columbia is recognized as a kind of a health resort for people belonging to Siam. Have you got any Siamese twins in your neighborhood? We are having the intense heat at the present in Capetown.

ROBERT F. WILSON.

LE ROI'S LATEST LUCK.

Tremendous Body of High Grade Ore Just Opened Up—Increased Output in Near Future.

Rossland, March 22—Important strikes have recently been made in the British America Corporation properties, the importance of which to the camp cannot be over-estimated. It means, in fact, that the Rossland mines must now keep for the future, as they have in the past, the lead of all others in the province as gold-producers. The engineer-in-chief and general manager of these properties, W. A. Carlyle, who is intensely conservative in his estimates, and who is one of the first in the province as an authority, made the following statement to-day:

"In the Le Roi mine, on the 600-foot level, an entire new ore chute has now been opened up for a length of 80 feet, showing for that distance a vein of solid ore 67 feet wide, averaging $40 to $60 to the ton, and at present the fact is one mass of solid high-grade ore. The discovery of the new chute 800 feet west of the shaft adds greatly to the value of the mine. On the 700-foot level, also, there has recently been found a solid chute 45 feet wide of high-grade ore, and this level is opening up magnificently, as it is pushed toward the west. On the 800-foot level the showing is most favorable, and altogether the mine probably never looked as well as at the present time. The present output of 300 tons a day will be maintained until the new hoist is put in the timber shaft from the Black Bear tunnel, after which the output will be increased."

Speaking of the Columbia-Kootenay mine, Mr. Carlyle said:

"Since the new year, in driving the No. 4 tunnel, a good chute of ore, one to five feet, carrying values of from $15 to $30 per ton, has been opened up for a distance of 200 feet, and at the western end of this ore chute an upraise has been made to tunnel No. 3, 120 feet above, and this upraise has shown almost a continuous ore body, two to six feet wide, that has given daily average assays of from $30 to $50 in gold. It now looks as if a fine ore chute of first-class ore had been blocked out above this tunnel. Other faces are in ore, some of which are giving favorable assays, and this mine now promises to be a heavy producer."

It is reported here that the control of the Giant has been sold to a Montreal syndicate. The terms are withheld.

The ore body in the south cross-cut of the Velvet is 23 feet wide and has not yet been fully cross-cut. It now has an ore body 240 feet in length, 160 feet in depth, from 10 to 23 feet in width. The ore is all of a shipping grade, averaging $30 per ton.

HARD WEATHER IN ENGLAND.

Exceptional Cold and Several Deaths from Exposure Reported.

London, March 23.—Exceptionally cold weather continues throughout England, varying from ten to twenty degrees of frost. There has been heavy falls of snow in the north and several deaths from exposure are reported. Similar weather prevails on the Continent.

NEW BRUNSWICK LEGISLATURE.

St. John, March 23.—The local legislature was opened to-day by Lieutenant-Governor McLellan. George Hill, member for Charlotte county, was appointed Speaker. A state dinner was given to-night.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

SUNDAY CLOSING.

Sir: In your edition of the 16th I notice a letter anent the petition to the city council compelling the fruit and cigar merchants of the city to close their establishments on Sundays. Now, sir, I am a supporter of the Temperance party, yet I cannot help thinking a great injustice is being done to the hotel and saloon keepers who are compelled to close on that day while the first mentioned dealers are allowed to open and ply their trade. These pay less than one-tenth the amount into the city's treasury for retailers' privileges and yet have seven days to the others' six in which to do it. What is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander. Fair play is the glory of Britishers and is a jewel of the first water. The second part of the letter has advanced an argument that the goods they deal in being of a perishable nature that every opportunity should be given to dispose of them. But, sir, do not many of the wholesale houses and grocers deal in the same fruit, etc., and we never hear such arguments or requests advanced by them. Close them all and every one, and you will remove one of the greatest factors in the present moral condition of our fair city in the matter of the God-given mandate: Remember that thou keep holy the Sabbath day.

VECTIS.

SOUTH WARD CANDIDATES.

Sir: It is surprising and disappointing to find that the aspirants for civic honors have not considered it necessary to explain to the electors their position on municipal matters generally, and particularly with regard to three important issues now before the council. Have these candidates nothing to say on the proposed increase in the rate of taxation, no views on the Sunday observance by-law, or an opinion on the proposed harbor improvements. We ought to know definitely how these gentlemen will vote on these questions. The council are now about evenly divided and the position of the new alderman therefore becomes relatively of great importance. Gentlemen, the electors of South ward expect to hear from you.

JAMES BAY.

"RAIL TO THE NORTH."

Sir: In your article of the 21st instant, under the above heading, you quote from the Times, and answer their charge "that prospecting and mining have been prohibited within the railway belt," but you do not quote largely. You only mention the Mount Sicker mines. I would like to add to what you state (and no doubt many others could do similarly) that I am connected with companies and syndicates now working, some have been working continuously for two years, and I know of many others that also are working (and I am glad to say with excellent prospects), who have all made most satisfactory arrangements with the E. & N. Railway Company.

I am in the business and come across a large number of prospectors and others interested, and I have yet to come across the first kicker. Those who have been to see Mr. James Dunsmuir come away more than satisfied. When they show they mean to do work on their claims, the easiest terms possible are granted them and the poor man shown every consideration.

You do not answer the charge that "industries of any kind have been practically forbidden." In reply to this, I would state of my own knowledge that when I was promoting or trying to promote the erection of a smelter here some two years ago, and we could not get elsewhere a suitable site, a committee who were appointed waited upon Mr. James Dunsmuir to ask if he would sell thirty acres between the townsite and Departure Bay. The reply was: You can select thirty acres anywhere you like on my land, and as to the price, I will give it you free for the purpose of the erection of a smelter and help any way I can. (Note:—The site selected is most valuable land.) I also know of another case, where instead of preventing new industries starting, most liberal and substantial aid has been offered, and no doubt there are other similar cases not known to me.

As some will say I am an interested party, I would here state that I never received one cent from Messrs. Dunsmuir either directly or indirectly, either by way of commission earned on business done, or in any other way, as I never had the pleasure of business relations with them, but I cannot stand idly by and see good men maligned, be their name Dunsmuir, or be they the poorest on the Island, that is, when certain facts are within my personal knowledge, as in the present case.

THOMAS KITCHIN.

P.S.:—With all the encouraging prospects we have on the Island, it is a pity all should not unite for the general welfare and help push this matter along, no matter what their politics are. It would be "a feather in cap" of the present government if they gave the building of this much to be desired railway their hearty support.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

"THE ACADÉMIE DE MÉDECINE OF FRANCE HAS PLACED

Apollinaris

("THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS")

AT THE HEAD OF ALL THE WATERS EXAMINED FOR PURITY AND FREEDOM FROM DISEASE GERMS."

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTIONS.

SOLE AGENTS: HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

SKIN LIKE BABY'S

Skin diseases from the merest pimples to the most obstinate eczema, salt rheum, running sores, are quickly, pleasantly and permanently cured by Dr. Agnew's Ointment—35 cents.

Who does not envy a baby its soft velvety skin? How many suffer from distressing skin diseases—Do you suffer? Have you tetter—salt rheum—scald head—ring worm—eczema—ulcers—blotches on the skin—chronic erysipelas—liver spots and what not else of these distasteful and aggravating disorders which disfigure and discourage? Dr. Agnew's Ointment allays the distressing itching, burning, stinging sensations which are part and parcel of such troubles, and in a thousand cases where internal treatments have failed to heal and eradicate them it has worked wonderful and permanent cures—and no skin disease, no matter of how long standing, has baffled its curative qualities. In cases of chronic eczema it has proved its great worth, and cases are on record where this dread affection has been the birthright of its patient and constant companion until past middle life, and Dr. Agnew's Ointment has cured speedily and permanently. It is a boon to mothers because it is a boon to babyland—scald head and its irritations, which are accompaniments to the teething period, are quickly driven off and restlessness passes away—and where torture reigned with baby this balm brought rest and a cure—it affords instant relief from the itching distress. . . . Do you suffer from piles—itching, blind, bleeding or ulcerated?—No remedy has brought so quick relief, spared painful surgical operations as Dr. Agnew's Ointment—it has proved itself an absolute cure for piles in all forms and at all stages—one application will relieve the itching, irritating sensations in an instant—and long standing cases disappear after from three to five nights' treatment—the pain and soreness quit you and the tumors vanish.

A lady living in a northern County town writes that for seventeen years she was troubled with salt rheum. She took doctors' treatments and used many lotions without any permanent relief. Reading of the cures made by Dr. Agnew's Ointment, she decided to try it. The first application allayed the irritation and she continued using it—the disease rapidly disappeared and now for two years there has been no sign of a return of it.

The baby of another lady living in Pacific Ave. in Toronto, was terribly afflicted with scald-head and eczema—she tried washes prescribed by her physician, and soaps advertised for such purposes, but the disease remained—Dr. Agnew's Ointment was her good friend; half a box cured the baby and cured herself of troublesome piles which had been the bane of her life since baby's birth.

DR. AGNEW'S CURE FOR THE HEART—Cures palpitation, fluttering, shortness of breath and all heart disorders—relief in 30 minutes.

DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER—Has cured cases of catarrh of 50 years' standing—relieves cold in the head in 10 minutes.

DR. AGNEW'S LIVER PILLS—Stop sick headache—cure constipation, biliousness and liver troubles—pleasant little doses—40 in a box—20 cents.

FOR SALE BY DEAN & HIGCOCKS AND HALL & CO.

SMOKERS, ATTENTION!

Ask your Grocer or Tobacconist for the following Standard Brands of Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos

Smoking	Chewing
Golden Plug,	Free Trade,
Royal Oak,	Snowshoe,
Rosebud,	Currency,

BEST VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY. SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS. DOES NOT BURN THE TONGUE.

MADE BY EMPIRE TOBACCO CO., LD.

LIPTON'S

CEYLON TEA

Rich, Pure, Fragrant, The Finest Money Can Buy.

Over 1,000,000 packages Lipton's Teas sold weekly in Great Britain—alone.

½, 1 lb. and 5 lb. canisters. Put up by the grower.

THOS EARLE, Victoria, Wholesale Agent

CUSTOMS BLANKS

All the New Forms Required by the New Customs Regulations

Are to be had at the office of THE COLONIST in any quantity desired

BAMBOO and WOODEN FURNITURE MADE TO ORDER.

By the best carpenters, at the lowest price in this town, at both Japanese stores,

90 Douglas Street

AND

152 Government St

Next to Victoria hotel.

Just give the order, and see how neatly done.

A SOCIAL DANCE

Will be held in Strawberry Vale Hall on

Tuesday Evening, March 28th,

Buss leaves corner Yates and Douglas streets at 8:15. Admission 50 cents.

NOTICE.

Rock Bay Bridge is closed to traffic during repairs.

By order,

E. E. COUSINS,
City Engineer.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received until Tuesday, 28th inst., 12 noon, for the erection of a two-storey brick building, corner of Yates street and Waddington alley. Plans and specifications to be seen at office of undersigned.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, Architect,
96½ Douglas street.

Victoria, 22nd March, 1899.

Blue Ribbon Baking Powder

HAVE YOU TRIED IT?

EARTH AND COMET CLASH.

Vienna Professor Who Has Made Many Good Guesses Foretells the End of This Planet in November.

January and February—Unprecedented cold waves, cyclones and hurricanes at sea, with great loss to shipping, particularly on the American coast and continent.

Towards end of March—Earthquakes and destroying hailstorms.

July-August—Tidal wave, destroying Eastern coast of America, Florida and California becoming islands from a submarine earthquake.

November 13—Our planet to come in contact with the comet known to astronomers as the comet of 1866—our planet to be, if not absolutely, partially destroyed.

This is the cheerful prediction that Prof. Rudolph Falb of Vienna, a noted scientist and world-renowned authority on earthquakes and meteorological conditions in March, 1894, forwarding to the Imperial Academy of Science in Vienna. Probably nothing more would have been heard of the prediction if the meteorological condition of the latter part of January and early part of February of this year had not corresponded with Prof. Falb's prediction, and the scientific journals of Europe are, in consequence, giving Prof. Falb and his prediction a great deal of attention.

While Prof. Falb is, by many scientists, considered a crank, his predictions on seismic disturbances have been remarkably fulfilled, as for instance, the great earthquake at Zante in 1893, he, several days before the earthquake occurred sent warning to the press all over Europe. Again, in March, 1893, he was invited to lecture before the Tourist Club of Vienna on the subject of earthquakes, but, while accepting the invitation, postponed the lecture until after April 13 as an earthquake would take place about that time, and he would prefer to include the results of his investigation of this earthquake in his lecture.

And, as the German proverb has it, "Has du mir geschen," the earthquake did occur on April 8 and was felt all over southern Hungary and did much damage.

Many incidents like these could be quoted, where predictions have been made one to two years in advance and been fulfilled. Prof. Falb disclaims in the most peremptory manner that his warnings should be classed as predictions or prophecies.

"I am not a prophet," he said in an interview. "My theories are simply scientific investigations into mundane anatomy. The interior of the earth is filled with a matter mass, subect to ebb and flow ust like the waters of the ocean. Every intelligent and educated man knows this. Between the surface of the earth and this molten mass, which is slowly cooling, there is only a shell of an average of 18 miles in thickness, in some places thinner than others, and here the confined forces escape in the form of gas. But not finding such an outlet through the influence of the moon a great tidal wave sweeps round the inner crust of the earth and produces the terrible phenomena known as earthquakes.

This is in short Prof. Falb's theory, and it has been much disputed, particularly his reference to the influence of the moon. Prof. Falb calls attention to the "fully established" instances where a comet has come in contact with our planet and the results.

616. January 14, 10 people killed in China by the fall of a meteor.

823. November 3, 35 villages destroyed in Saxony.

1511. September 4, many lives destroyed by falling meteors at Crema.

1749. November 4, a ship crossing the Atlantic was struck, killing several sailors.

Each of these instances, says Prof. Falb, can be regarded as the fall of a comet upon our planet.

The full intensity of living is reached only by the perfectly healthy. Sickness discounts the capacity for enjoyment. If the body is all out of order and run down, he will not be able to enjoy anything, no matter how full of enjoyment it may be for other people. If he is just a little bit out of order, if he "is not sick, but doesn't feel just right," he will only be able to enjoy things in a half-hearted sort of way. The nearer he is to being perfectly well, the nearer will his capacity for enjoyment be perfect. If this condition doesn't exist, something ought to be done. This means nine cases in ten the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It works directly on the digestive organs, and on the blood and through these on every tissue of the body. It makes the appetite good, digestion and nutrition perfect and supplies rich, red blood to all the tissues, building up solid, healthful flesh.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

DYNAMITED HIMSELF.

Australian Explodes a Cartridge in His Mouth.

A tremendous sensation has been caused in Australia by the discovery of the headless body of a man, subsequently identified as Louis Chemis of Kaiwarra, N. Z., murder notoriety, says the Sydney Mail Telegrpah. The body was found in a remote spot in a gully near Kilbirnie, a suburb of Wellington. The head from the shoulders was blown clear off, and the right arm from the elbow, was missing. The scrub and ground in the vicinity showed the terrific nature of the explosion. Only portions of the scalp and hair were found, while one ear was picked up sixty yards away. The man had apparently placed a dynamite cartridge in his mouth. Fifteen feet of fuse and a bottle of brandy, nearly empty, were found near the body. Deceased had evidently desired that he should not be recognized as his pockets were almost empty. The body was, however, identified through a pocket-knife by Mrs. Chemis as that of her husband. Chemis was sentenced to death for the murder of a man named Hawkin 1889, and the sentence was afterward commuted to imprisonment for life, but as the result of persistent political agitation he was released in June of last year in honor of the Jubilee. At present the only cause assigned for the suicide is that Chemis was unemployed, and consequently had been despondent for the last few weeks.

THE HISTORY OF CABLES.

A Spaniard Suggested, an American Demonstrated Submarine Telegraphy.

Washington, D. C., March 9.—The development of the submarine telegraph from a mere gutta percha coated wire laid in New York harbor by Prof. Morse in 1842 to the great cables which now engirdle the entire earth, except in the bed of the Pacific, is described in a statement just issued by the treasury bureau of statistics entitled "Chronology of Submarine Telegraph Construction Throughout the World and the Development of Submarine Telegraphy." This publication, which has been prepared by the bureau of statistics in view of the special interest just now developed in a submarine telegraph line to connect the United States with Hawaii, Guam, the Philippines and the Asiatic coast, shows not only the location, number and length of the submarine telegraphs of the world, but also the history of this great system and the part which American genius and enterprise have had in its development.

The statement credits Salva, a Spaniard, with the first recorded suggestion of submarine telegraphy, made before the Barcelona Academy of Sciences in 1795. Aldini, a nephew of Galvini, performed experiments in the transmission of electric signals under the sea near Calais, France, in 1803; Schilling ignited gunpowder by electricity transmitted through a subaqueous conducting wire under the Neva River near St. Petersburg in 1812; telegraphic signals were transmitted through insulated wires under the River Hoogly in India by the director of the East India Company's telegraph system in 1839, and in 1842 Prof. Morse transmitted electric currents and signals through an insulated copper wire laid for that purpose between Castle Garden and Governor's Island in New York harbor, and in the following year suggested submarine electric communication between the United States and Europe. In 1845 Ezra Cornell, in conjunction with Prof. Morse, laid and successfully operated submarine copper wires in the Hudson river between New York and Fort Lee, and in 1847 a section of the telegraph line connecting New York and Washington was laid through the waters of a narrow creek by J. J. Craven of New Jersey, thus demonstrating the practicability of actual submarine telegraphic service. In 1850 a submarine telegraph line was laid across the English channel and signals exchanged, but without further success, though in the following year a cable containing four copper wires, insulated with gutta percha and protected by galvanized iron wires wound spirally about it, was laid across the English channel and put into successful operation as a submarine telegraph line.

These experiments having proved the practicability of submarine telegraphy, the great enterprise of a telegraph line under the Atlantic ocean was undertaken, and the subsequent developments are described in the statement as follows:

1857—First attempt to lay a submarine telegraph cable across the Atlantic ocean, the enterprise being headed by Cyrus W. Field of New York and Charles Bright J. W. Brett and others of England. The cable was to extend from Valentia, Ireland, to Newfoundland, the length of cable necessary being estimated at 2,500 miles. The construction of this cable was similar to that across the English channel. After 255 miles had been laid from Valentia westward the cable broke and the work was abandoned.

1858—Renewed by Mr. Field and his associates of the attempt to lay a submarine telegraphic cable across the Atlantic. The United States naval vessel Niagara and the British vessel Agamemnon carrying each one-half of the cable, proceeded to mid-ocean, and, after joining the ends of their respective sections on July 29, proceeded westward and eastward, paying out the cable and reaching their respective destinations. Newfoundland and Valentia, on the same day, August 5, 1858, when electrical connection between the continents was at once established over 2,050 nautical miles of cable, which they had thus laid. Congratulatory messages were exchanged between the president of the United States and the Queen of England, and there were public rejoicings in both countries over what was pronounced the great event of the century. After less than one month of operation, however, the cable ceased working, and it was never operated further, nor was any part of it ever recovered. During the time of its operation 73 messages of about 10,000 words were passed over it. Its total cost was $1,256,250.

1859—A submarine telegraph cable to connect England with British India was laid through the Red Sea and Arabian Sea to Kurracheo, India, having a total length of 3,043 nautical miles, but with several intermediate landings. Some portions of the line worked satisfactorily for 30 days, but few if any messages were sent over the entire length, and it soon proved a complete failure.

1860—Elaborate study of the entire subject of submarine telegraphs and the construction of cables was made by a committee appointed by the British Board of Trade, resulting in an expression of the belief that submarine telegraphy might, despite past failures, become successful and profitable if sufficient care were exercised in constructing laying and managing the cable.

1861—A submarine telegraphic cable which had been manufactured with great care was laid across the Mediterranean from Malta to Alexandria with intermediate landing places at Tripoli and Benghazi. The cable consisted of seven copper wires stranded together, covered with several coatings of gutta percha, alternated with other nonconducting and waterproof material, and in turn covered and protected by eighteen iron wires wound spirally about this core. This cable proved a permanent success, and went into general operation shortly after its construction. The speed of transmission, which on the Atlantic cable and shorter submarine lines had been three words per minute, was brought up to ten words per minute, on each separate section, but was only three words per minute when all the sections were united and operated as a single line of 1,331 miles.

1862—A submarine cable which had been laid across the Mediterranean Sea between France and Algeria in 1861 proved a complete failure after a few months experiment.

1864—Construction of a cable line to connect India with England undertaken by the Indian Government the line to be laid through the Arabian Sea and the Persian Gulf to connect with land lines, thence to Calais, and by the short submarine line under the British channel to England. The submerged line in the Arabian Sea and the Persian Gulf had a total length of 1,450 miles, but with three intermediate landing places. This line consisted of a copper core surrounded by layers of gutta percha alternated with other non-conducting and waterproof material, being protected by an outer sheathing of twelve galvanized iron wires wound spirally about it, which in turn were protected by double wrappings of tarred hemp yarn. All of these materials and the various sections of the cables were constantly and thoroughly tested electrically and otherwise during its construction. The line when laid proved a complete success, becoming the first successful telegraphic connection between England and India.

1865—Another attempt made by Cyrus W. Field of the United States and his associates in the United States and England to lay a submarine telegraph cable from Valentia, Ireland, to Newfoundland and the United States. The cable, for which the contract price was $3,000,000, partly in cash and partly in shares of the company, consisted of seven copper wires surrounded by numerous coatings of gutta percha and other waterproof non-conductors. This was in turn surrounded by ten Bessemer steel wires, this being the first use of steel wires for cable protection, each wire being separately wound with pitch-soaked hemp yarn, the shore ends being also further protected by thirty-six heavy iron wires wound spirally about the completed cable. The steamer Great Eastern, then the largest steamship afloat, was specially fitted up for laying this cable. Great care was exercised in every particular, but after 1,186 miles had been laid westward from Valentia the cable broke in water over 11,000 feet deep, and the attempts to recover it were unsuccessful.

1866—Mr. Field and his associates renewed their efforts to lay a cable across the Atlantic. A new company with $3,000,000 was formed with the double purpose of attempting to find the end of the cable partially laid in 1865 and complete the line, and also to lay another cable parallel with and near to it. The cable manufactured for the proposed new line was similar to that of 1865 and Great Eastern was remodeled to further meet the requirements of the work, and left Valentia, Ireland, July 13, 1866, paying out the cable in a line about twenty-five miles north of that followed on the preceding year. She safely arrived at Newfoundland in fourteen days from the date of leaving Valentia, and electrical communication was immediately established between the United States and England, which has never since been more than temporarily interrupted. The Great Eastern then returned to the spot where the cable was lost in 1865, and after eighteen days' work succeeded in bringing the end on board from a depth of over 11,000 feet, the tests immediately made showing it to be in perfect working connection with the Valentia end. A splice was made, and the laying of the line toward Newfoundland resumed, and on September 8 the cable was landed at that point and the second successful line of communication between the United States and Europe thus completed, Newfoundland being already in submarine telegraphic communication with the mainland and telegraph systems of the United States. The length between Trinity Bay, Newfoundland, and Valentia, Ireland, is given by the American Cyclopedia at 2,143 miles. The rate of speed in transmission over these cables was at the beginning eight words per minute, but increased to fifteen words per minute.

The success of the 1866 cables so completely demonstrated the practicability of submarine telegraphy that its progress thenceforward was very rapid. A second Anglo-Mediterranean line was laid from Malta to Alexandria in 1868, proving a complete success; a cable between France and Nova Scotia was laid in 1869, and another from Suez to Bombay, India, in 1871 a cable line was laid along the eastern coast of Asia to connect with land lines already constructed across Siberia and Russia. These land lines had been built shortly after the failure of the the first Atlantic cable experiment in the hope of connecting Europe and America by way of Siberia, Behring Straits, Alaska, British America and the United States, but that plan becoming unnecessary after the success of the 1866 cable experiments, the land line across Russia and Siberia was utilized to connect a cable system of the eastern shore of Asia with the land and cable systems of Europe and America. In 1873 South America was connected by cable with the United States, and thence with Europe; in 1875 cables were laid along the coast of Africa, connecting its important points with Europe and America; in 1880 cables were laid across the Gulf of Mexico and along the western coast of South America, and connected by an overland line across the isthmus of Panama. The invasion of the Pacific has been already begun by the construction of lines extending from Australia 1,200 miles southeastwardly to New Zealand, and 800 miles northeaswardly to New Caledonia, but leaving the Pacific the one great body of water which has not yet been completely spanned by submarine telegraph wires. This it is now believed is now practicable, since the distance between the four landing places now under the control of the United States—Hawaii, Wake Island, Guam and the Philippines, is, in each case, less than that through which submarine cables are now being daily operated between France and the United States.

Do People Die of Catarrh?

How this Annoying Disease Develops and How It Is Cured by Dr Chase's Catarrh Cure.

Because doctors do not often report "death from catarrh," people imagine that this disease is not fatal in its results.

But because catarrh usually reaches the lungs before it is called consumption, when in reality it is catarrh of the lungs.

There is only a difference of names. Catarrh is an ulceration of the mucous lining of the nose and throat, which eats its way along the air passages until it reaches the lungs, and completes its fatal work under the name of consumption.

Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure heals the ulcers and arrests the disease while yet it can be controlled. It clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and headache, and completely eradicates the disease from the system.

For la grippe there is no treatment to be compared to the combined use of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure and Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. While the former clears the head, the latter cures the throat affection and prevents pneumonia; 25 cents, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

For la grippe there is no treatment to be compared to the combined use of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure and Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. While the former clears the head, the latter cures the throat affection and prevents pneumonia; 25 cents, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

A DEBUT BEFORE LUNATICS.

How Bandmaster Sousa Blossomed Out as a Soloist.

Few people now remember that John Philip Sousa was at one time a violin soloist of note, the fame of the performer having been lost in the ever-increasing glory of the composer and conductor. Nothing pleases the great composer more than to sit down after the concert, and with a party of congenial people exchange reminiscences. Stories of his youth are particularly attractive when told by Sousa. A few days ago, over fragrant cigars, he related the story of his first appearance in public at the tender age of 11.

"My initial bow as a solo performer was made before an audience composed almost entirely of lunatics," remarked Sousa, with a smile at the memories this evoked. "Just outside of the city of Washington is the St. Elizabeth insane asylum, which is maintained by the United States government, and in my youth, as, indeed, even now, it was the custom for local physicians to give occasional concerts at the asylum for the amusement of the unfortunates confined there. My music teacher, John Esputa, frequently managed these affairs, and on one occasion, finding himself short of talent, he sent me word to my house that I should hold myself in readiness to assist with a violin solo.

"I am free to confess that the prospect of such a sudden and novel debut unnerved me. I didn't want to go a bit, but as Esputa was a martinet for discipline, I knew it would be idle to protest, so I resorted to subterfuge. Shortly before it was time to start for the asylum, I presented myself at my teacher's house with the excuse that I did not have a clean shirt at home, and it would therefore be extremely improper for me to appear in public with untidy linen.

"But alas for my hopes, for Esputa made me go to his room and don one of his shirts, which proved many sizes too large for a boy of 11. I remember painfully that it was wrapped around me almost twice, and the collar was pinned fore and aft. If there was a more uncomfortable boy in the city of Washington than myself that night he must have suffered the very ecstasy of misery. I wandered around gloomily until my number on the programme was reached, and then stumbled on to the platform. The thought of that borrowed shirt and the idea that I was playing to crazy people must have unnerved me, for I had not played more than a dozen bars of my solo before I forgot every note and was on the point of breaking down. At this point I glanced hopelessly at my teacher, seated at the piano to play my accompaniment, and the wild glare of rage that met my look frightened me to renewed efforts, so I began to improvise. I could hear Esputa swearing at me under his breath as he tried to follow the wild flights of my fancy.

"Then the pin that held the voluminous collar encircling my neck slipped its moorings, while the collar made a wild dash over my ears. This was too much for me, and despite the torrid imprecations of my teacher, I brought my unique solo to a sudden end with a strong chord, and then made a frantic effort to escape the scolding I realized was in store for me. But Esputa seized me as I left the platform and hissed in my ear: 'Don't you dare to eat any supper here to-night!' With this order he left me to my fate, and all the rest of the evening I had to school myself to refuse the repeated invitations of the asylum authorities to partake of refreshments. This proved a very effective method of punishment, for I was very fond of ice cream in those days."

If you have had the grip take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It will brace you up, purify your blood, and overcome all bad effects of the disease.

SMELTERS MADE HAPPY.

Buffalo, N.Y., March 22.—Every employee of the Buffalo smelting works, the local branch of the Calumet and Hecla Mining Company, to-day received an envelope containing a bonus of 10 per cent. of the wages earned during the past year. The gift to the employees is in lieu of an increase in wages.

• Taking chances in business matters is bad policy. Taking chances with your health is the next thing to suicide. • Don't let a little illness have its own way until it gets stronger than yourself. Stamp it out now. ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT SALT • will do it. It's daily use regulates health—cures and prevents disease. All druggists sell this standard English preparation at 60c a large bottle; trial size, 25c.

CHAS. HAYWARD

Funeral Director and Embalmer

92 Government St., Victoria

The Largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

We Lead

Boys' and Men's Clothing

Full Lines at Rock Bottom Prices.

A. HOLMES, : Corner Broad and Yates Sts, Victoria, B. C.

Bank of British Columbia

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (with power to increase).....£600,000 $2,920,000
RESERVE .....£100,000 $ 486,666

HEAD OFFICE, 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—Victoria, Vancouver New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops, Nelson, Sandon, Rossland. IN THE UNITED STATES—San Francisco and Portland.

Agents and Correspondents.—In Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants' Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia and Union Bank of Canada. In United States—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In Australia and New Zealand—Bank of Australasia. In Honolulu—Bishop & Co.

CANADIAN-YUKON GOLD FIELDS

Drafts, Letters of Credit, Etc., issued direct on Dawson City.

Savings Bank Department

Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed thereon.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking Business transacted.

GEO. GILLESPIE, Manager.
Victoria, B. C. November, 1898.

Lawn Mowers,
Lawn Rakes,
Lawn Sprinklers,
Rubber Hose,
Hose Reel,
Garden Forks, Trowels,
Rakes, Hoes, Spades,
and all kinds of Garden Tools.

Geo. Powell & Co.,

Cheapside, Victoria B. C,

Sole Agents For the Great MAJESTIC Range.

DINNEFORD'S

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel; the safest and most gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA MAGNESIA

Sold Throughout the World.

N.B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

Try RADNOR WATER

TURNER, BEETON & CO., Agents

Annual Sales over 6,000,000 Boxes

BEECHAM'S PILLS

FOR BILIOUS AND NERVOUS DISORDERS

such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fulness after meals, Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Cold Chills, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations.

THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. Every sufferer will acknowledge them to be

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove obstructions or irregularities of the system and cure Sick Headache. For a

Weak Stomach
Impaired Digestion
Disordered Liver
IN MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN

Beecham's Pills are Without a Rival

And have the LARGEST SALE of any Patt. at Medicine in the World. at all Drug Stores.

ATLIN MINES

RELIABLE INFORMATION

Can be had by applying to

RANT & JONES

Notaries Public, Mining Brokers and General Agents

ATLIN, B. C

FIRST-CLASS OPENING to one who can afford to wait a little—Let or sale, very cheap, $2,000, the Cowichan Lake hotel, Vancouver Island; has warranted a good rent ($1,000) for several years, and will again, when the logging starts; charter for railway applied for; good opening to combine stock farming, having 160 acres, with lots of feed. Apply L. D., 33 Birdcage Walk, Victoria, B. C. m1

JEWELRY

Watches, Clocks and Silverware

Can be bought at Stoddart's at prices (considering quality) quite as cheap as the Eastern houses advertise their goods. The customer in buying here will save freight, and if the goods are found not satisfactory can obtain an exchange easier than sending goods back to Toronto, etc.

FEW OF OUR PRICES

Waltham Watches from	$ 5.00
Elgin Watches from	5.00
In Solid Silver Cases	6.00
Gents' Solid Gold Watches from	35.00
Ladies' Solid Gold Watches from	18.00
JEWELRY AT SIMILAR REDUCTIONS	
Diamonds set in Solid Gold Scarf Pins from	2.00
Solid Gold Rings from	1.00
The Handsomest Lady's Gold Ring ever sold for	2.00

STODDART' JEWELRY STORE

68-68½ YATES STREET.

Cash purchaser of Nugget Gold to any amount.

THE VICTORIA HOTEL

REVELSTOKE, B. C.

J. V. PERKS, - - - Proprietor.

Free bus meets all trains; refurnished and redecorated throughout; well-lighted sample rooms.

Headquarters for mining men. Hourly street car service to and from station. Rates, $2 per day.

Victoria Harbor Mission

Under Patronage of Bishop of Columbia

The Mission works amongst the sailors, supplies the ships with a free grant of books and papers. The Seamen's Institute on Store street is free to sailors.

Subscriptions and all kinds of books and papers are earnestly asked for and may be sent to the Institute.

Address REV. W. H. H. ELLISON, Harbor Chaplain.

W. PELLEW-HARVEY & CO.

Mining Engineers, Assayers, and Chemists.

15 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

Next door Driard Hotel.

Money to Loan....

...On Improved Real Estate Secured by First Mortgage.

SWINERTON & ODDY,

106 Gov't St. Victoria.

FOR SALE

First-Class Pack Train

Twenty-seven mules and one bell horse, in the finest condition for work, with aparejos complete. This train was allowed by packers to be the best mule train that worked on the Teslin trail last season, having made one trip more than any other pack train on the road.

For particulars apply to

J. GLEARIHUE,

26 Yates Street, Victoria.

Handy List of Victoria Firms

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO., Victoria, B.C., Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes.

BOOK EXCHANGE.

CASHMORE'S, 103 Douglas street; buys and exchanges all kinds of books and novels.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

CHRISTIE & LEWIS—109 Fort street. All orders promptly attended to.

DRAYMAN.

JOSEPH HANEY, Truck and Drayman—Office 26 Yates street; stables 119 Superior street; Telephone 171.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS & EMBALMERS.

JAS. HAYWARD, 52 Government street.

T. STOREY—Funeral director and embalmer. 90 Johnson street.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS.

R. LETTICE—Paints, Oils, Varnishes, etc., Window glass and Wall Paper.

HARDWARE.

SIDNEY SHORE, hardware, tinware, sporting goods, paints and oils, 134-136 Government street.

E. G. PRIOR & CO.—Hardware and Agricultural Implements. Cor. Johnson and Government.

HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO., Ltd.—Importers of iron, steel, hardware, pipe fittings, cutlery, etc. Mining and milling supplies a specialty.

HOTELS.

CLARENCE—The only first-class European hotel in the city. Corner Yates and Douglas streets. A. R. McDonald, prop.

OCCIDENTAL—$1 to $1.50 per day. Under management of Walter Porter.

QUEENS—AM. and Europ. plan, cor. Store and Johnson streets. J. O. Voss, pr.

IRONWORKS.

VICTORIA MACHINERY DEPOT CO., Ltd. (late Spratt & Gray)—Engineers, founders, supplies, etc. 17-19 Work street. Tel. 570.

LIVERY AND TRANSFERS.

VICTORIA TRUCK & DRAY CO.—Telephone 13.

MINING BROKERS.

BEN WILLIAMS & CO., 44 Fort street, mining brokers and operators. Stocks and shares sold on commission. Correspondence solicited.

NOVELTY WORKS.

L. HAFER, general machinist, 150 Government street.

STEAM COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS.

STEMLER & EARL, Coffee, spices, mustard and baking powders. Pembroke st., near Government.

PLUMBERS.

E. F. GEIGER, sanitary plumbing, gas and hot water fitting. Tel. 226.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, No. 41 Pandora street, dealers in all kinds of photographic material; views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Fining store, 41 Pandora street; boots, shoes, leather and shoe findings; "K" boots a specialty.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHERS

L. GOODACRE, Contractor by appt to Royal Navy and Dominion Government Tel. 32.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET CO. Ld., Gov't and Yates sts., Butchers and Packers; wholesale and retail dealers in fresh, salted and smoked meats, lard, etc., branch Vancouver.

STEAM DYE WORKS.

PAISLEY DYE WORKS—Tel. 410. The old reliable. Established 1885. 114½ Yates street.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Tel. 200—Largest estab.; country orders solicited. 141 Yates street.

PAINT.

R. LETTICE, dealer in paints, oils, varnish and window glass; agent for Brilliant

STEAM LAUNDRY.

VICTORIA STEAM LAUNDRY—White labor only. 152 Yates street. Tel. 172.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, city scavenger, teamster and wood dealer. Address, 49 Discovery street. Tel. 184.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 230 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Jas. Townsley, 89 Government street; Speed Bros., corner Douglas and and Fort street, Schroeder Bros., corner Michigan and Menzies, will be promptly attended to.

Vancouver Business Directory

AUCTIONEERS.

JOHN RANKIN, Hastings street.
AUCTION ROOMS AND STOCK BUYERS.

BANKS.

BANK OF MONTREAL.
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

CANNING SUPPLIES.

JOHN LECKIE, 632 Granville street.

MILLERS.

THE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., Ltd., millstuffs, etc.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

HENDERSON BROS.

HARDWARE.

THOS. DUNN & CO., Ltd., 8 and 10 Cordova street.
E. G. PRIOR & CO., Ltd.

HOTELS.

BADMINTON HOUSE, rates $2 and $2.50.

PATENT ATTORNEY AND DRAUGHTSMAN.

TRETHEWEY & BRITTAIN, 105 Gordova street.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL. Turkish baths.

Best $2 00 a Day House in Vancouver

F. J. COSTELLO, Manager.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office,
Victoria, March 23, 8 p.m.

SYNOPSIS.

The barometer has fallen over the entire western portion of the continent in advance of two storm areas, one being centred in Cariboo and the other over California, where copious rains continue. Strong winds and unsettled weather may be expected along the Coast for the next twenty-four hours. Mild weather is spreading eastward across the Territories.

TEMPERATURES.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	39	46
Kamloops	22	42
Barkerville	4	26
Calgary	−14	36
Winnipeg	−20	12
Portland Ore	32	48
San Francisco, Cal	54	56

FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a.m. (Pacific time) Friday:

Victoria and Vicinity—Fresh winds; cool, with occasional showers.

Lower Mainland—Moderate to fresh winds; cool, with occasional showers.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p.m.. Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m.

THURSDAY, March 23.

Deg.		Deg.
5 a.m. 40	Mean	42
Noon 42	Highest	46
5 p.m. 45	Lowest	39

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m. 8 miles southwest.
Noon 10 miles southeast.
5 p.m. 11 miles west.

Average state of weather—Fair.
Sunshine—2 hours 42 minutes.
Barometer at noon—Observed 29.820
Corrected 29.758

E. BAYNES REED,
Provincial Forecast Official.

PASSENGERS.

By steamer Charmer from Vancouver:

W. Fowler.
E. G. Hicks.
Mrs. Hirot-Douglas.
J. Currie.
W. H. Langley.
Mrs. M. Jacobs.
Walter Bowes.
A. Boyer.
M. Hazer.
Jno. Ford.
Sister of St. Ann.
Capt. Sparring.
L. H. Hardie.
Alex. McDermott.
F. J. Wheeler.
E. W. Munro.
A. H. B. Macgowan.
W. S. Stewart.
Jno. F. Hilliwell.
F. G. Brown.
F. R. Phillips.
Jno. H. Jacobson.
E. A. Walden.
A. E. Allan.
E. A. Morris.
E. C. Jennings.
J. K. Ferguson.
R. H. Parkinson.
G. D. Gillis.
Mr. Charlton.
J. C. Loche.
Misses Charlton.
Mrs. Robertson.
Jno. Mackenzie.
P. S. McConnell.
Wm. Gill.
H. Logan.

By steamer Kingston from the Sound:

Jno. R. Ritchie.
Col. Pearse.
F. Anderson.
Mrs. Graham.
J. E. McDuffie.
T. R. Shepperd.
Mrs. Shepperd.
C. H. Harper.
Mrs. Percival.
M. M. Boyd.
F. Jepson.
W. R. Ryer.
J. W. Bale.
Steve Brinker.
N. P. Shaw.
Wm. Still.
Mrs. Still.
Mrs. Holden.
R. G. Weaster.
H. Blume.
C. H. Otto.
P. Hansen.
D. Frazer.
J. D. Kerper.
W. D. Wood.
Geo. F. Hensen.
Jno. L. Adams.
Miss Armit.
G. W. McCall.
W. R. Grotz.
W. N. Grotz.
A. E. J. Percival.
Mrs. Percival.
F. P. Hosmer.
H. Coldwell.
Capt. Freeman.
J. H. Little.
W. E. Mitchell.
Miss Hammond.

CONSIGNEES.

By steamer Charmer from Vancouver:

T. Earle.
S. Leiser & Co.
Wade & McKeon.
F. Carne, jr.
S. Schoen.
A. McGregor & Co.
Nicholles & Renouf.
L. C. Raymor.
B. J. Saunders & Co.
S. J. Pitts.
Johns Bros.
Erskine, Wall & Co.
J. H. Todd & Son.
R. P. Rithet & Co.
D. Spencer.
B. C. Furniture Co.
Col. Inland Revenue.
V.-P. Brewing Co.
Clark & Pearson.
Richards & Fays.
G. H. Procter.
Parsons Produce Co.
Vic. Bottling Wks.
Mrs. Hall.
Mrs. Clay.
Hickman-Tye Co.
G. Longpre.
Albion Iron Works.
Man. Prod. Co.
A. W. Robsn.
Fred. Brown.
J. Le Lievre.
B. C. Electric Ry.
W. Knott.
A. Garland.
Hall & Co.
R. Williams & Co.
E. Baynes Reed.
S. Shore.
Weiler Bros.
J. Johnson.
Stevens & Jenkins.
Henderson Bros.
S. Marks.
J. McSweeney.
Schroeder Bros.
Mrs. Crook.
T. Redding.
J. Leonard.
H. M. Strong.
R. Jameson.

By steamer Kingston from the Sound:

Henry Young.
Colonist P. & P. Co.
Cunningham & Co.
Shallcross & Mac.
Johns Bros.
Pither & Leiser.
Dixi H. Ross.
R. P. Rithet & Co.
T. A. Bacon.
E. B. Marvin & Co.
Jos. Sommers.
H. Mansell.
L. Blank.
T. G. Moody.
Cowichan Lum. Co.
W. G. Anderson.
T. N. Hibben.
Okell & Morris.
Sinclair & Co.
J. J. Mulholland.
Fell & Co.
Wm. Hamilton Co.
Berry & Thurston.
J. Taylor.
F. R. Glover.
A. McGregor & Son.
Weiler Bros.

NEWFOUNDLAND PUFFED UP.

Feeling Big Over Advent of Commodore to Command British Squadron.

St. John's, Nfld., March 21.—Special significance attaches to the appointment of Commodore Clifford to command the British squadron in Newfoundland waters during the coming fishing season. No officer so far advanced in the British navy list was ever before appointed to its command, he being the senior of every officer on the British North American fleet except Admiral Fisher. His selection is regarded as indicating a determination on the part of Great Britain to enforce a settlement of disputed questions in this quarter by strengthening the squadron.

COAL. MUNN, HOLLAND & Co.
TELEPHONE 694.
Cor. Broad street and Trounce avenue.

ATLIN CALLS FOR MAIL

Three Weeks Without Receipt of Any After Promise of Regular Service.

Australian Strikes Gold on a New Creek—Cattle Arrive in Good Condition.

Correspondence of the Colonist.

Atlin, B. C., March 10.—"No mail, no gold commissioner," written in large letters on a placard and posted to the door of the recorder's office, has remained for several days, and how much longer it will remain it is hard to say. Why the mail does not come no one seems to know; probably the postal authorities themselves do not know of the delay, but they should see that proper men are appointed for that position. It is now nearly three weeks since any mail has been sent into Atlin, whereas a weekly mail was promised and assured after February 15. It is an imposition on the people, a disgrace to the mail system of Canada. As for the non-arrival of the gold commissioner, many people look forward anxiously for his coming, and no doubt his presence is very much needed; but on the other hand, it is likely that he has plenty to do at Bennett, where it is understood that a strike is already on. Large parties are arriving every day, including two sawmills. So many are coming in that it is hard to keep track of them all.

Burns, the British Columbia cattle man, arrived a few days ago with a very large outfit and a drove of cattle, which were butchered soon after their arrival. The cattle were in very good condition, having stood the long journey and severe weather very well.

Mr. Rice has begun his new building on the corner of First and Discovery streets, and from the foundation it promises to be quite a large concern. It will be used for hotel purposes.

A sawmill for Tenant & Hansen, of Skagway, is now in course of construction.

Mr. C. Bentley Jones, of the firm of Rant & Jones, arrived yesterday from Surprise lake and that neighborhood. Mr. Jones says that in his opinion many new discoveries and good prospects will be found in that section before long. In his opinion, miners are not going to the expense of building fine cabins on such creeks as Boulder and others, if there is not something there to warrant the expenditure. He says that there are plenty of claims for hundreds more of prospectors. Mr. Jones also reports having met several large outfits coming in from Teslin lake, relaying and pulling their own sleighs. Among them he met Jack MacGregor, son of Ald. MacGregor, of Victoria. Jack left Victoria a year ago in February, and started up the Stikine trail on his way to Dawson, but underwent many misfortunes and experiences before he reached Teslin lake, about the end of October. Having heard of Atlin while at Teslin, he and his two partners decided to try their luck in the new found diggings, and have up to this date been continuously on the trail, through all kinds of weather, the thermometer registering in some places as low as 65 degrees below zero. When asked how he stood the trip, he replied: "I never felt better, and with the exception of an occasional slight cold, I never had better health. Of course, this pulling sleigh, making a mule of yourself and living on bacon and beans is not all that can be desired, but better times will come some day."

Mr. Williams is still at Atlin, but intends going out very shortly to Victoria in time to return before the opening season on June 1.

Reports have come in of a new strike somewhere towards the south end of the lake. The creek is called Morse creek, and was discovered by a Mr. Wollason, an Australian. Already several Victorians are interested in this creek, among them Messrs. Fairburn, Rant, Jones, Wilkinson, Clayton and others. Mr. Wollason, the discoverer, has great confidence in the creek for a poor man's creek, as bedrock as a rule is not very deep, and pay is found fairly well distributed throughout the gravel.

Mr. Monroe, the provincial health officer, has erected very snug quarters on the corner of Pearl and Second streets, and is kept very busy attending cases of scurvy and frost-bites.

J. H. Brownlee and party are busy every day, regardless of weather, surveying the townsite and taking observations regarding longitude and latitude.

HERSCHELL BURIED.

Large Gathering to Pay Funeral Honors to Deceased Commissioner.

London, March 22.—The remains of Baron Herschell, who died at Washington on March 1, and over which funeral services were held yesterday in Westminster Abbey, were interred to-day in a vault in a secluded country churchyard at Tincleton, Dorsetshire. The interment ceremony, which was of the simplest character, took place in the presence of the family of the deceased, representative of the Queen, the Prince of Wales, Duke of York and the American secretary in London, as well as of a large attendance of local residents, including Mr. Thos. Hardy, the novelist.

RUSSIA A VALUED ALLY.

Paris, March 22.—In the chamber of deputies to-day the allegations made against Baron von Mohrenheim, the former Russian ambassador here, in connection with the Dreyfus case, were the subject of an interpellation of the government.

The premier, M. Dupuy, indignantly repelled all insinuations against the representative of an allied nation, whose services to France had never been forgotten. He vigorously protested against the action of the newspapers which originated such scandalous falsities.

Easy running, easy to repair, easy to detach—
G&J. TIRES

LANGUAGE LET LOOSE.

Bishop Potter Styles Prohibitionists "Arrogant, Denunciatory, Ignorant, Unscrupulous, and Untruthful."

New York, March 11.—Bishop Henry C. Potter was requested by the Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott some time ago to give the public an idea of his plan for dealing with the saloon question. In making the request Dr. Abbott wrote: "I heartily sympathize with what I believe to be your position, that the only practicable and reasonable way to destroy the pernicious influence of the saloon is to provide a better substitute."

Bishop Potter's reply, which has just been made public in the Outlook, is liable to cause a great stir among those who are opposed to the liquor traffic.

After stating that there is "nothing new to say," the Bishop says: "It is the old situation, as old as the religion of Jesus Christ, with the Scribes and Pharisees on one hand, the Sadducees on the other, and over against them the Truth.

"No more perfect reproduction of the first named has appeared in our day than the Prohibitionists, et id omne genus, arrogant, denunciatory, ignorant, unscrupulous and untruthful; holding one meagre fragment of the truth to their eyes, and denying great and fundamental facts in human nature, in their foolish and futile endeavor to remedy the perversion of human instincts by extirpating them; true children of the mediaeval systems of monastic asceticism, which they would fain substitute for the freedom of a regenerated manhood. The grotesque hypocrisy of the prohibition system, from Maine to Kansas, is a sufficient commentary upon their theories. Meantime the endeavors of wiser men and women to better the condition—the homes, the domestic life, the recreations—of their less favored brethren go untouched of these, fit successors of those to whom Jesus said, 'Woe unto you, Scribes and Pharisees, hyocrites, for ye bind heavy burdens upon men's shoulders, and grievous to be borne, and ye yourselves will not touch them with the tips of your fingers.'

"And over against them, as of old, are the modern Sadducees, critical, indifferent, apathetic. The dissentions of those who are not agreed as to the problems of intemperance and its cure are entertaining and amusing to these—and no more.

"Yet let me not do them injustice. What I have said has its considerable and inspiring qualifications, and men of wealth and intelligence who had originally dismissed the 'saloon' question, and all that it involves, as equally hopeless and insoluble, have in recent years, and in some conspicuous instances which I need not recall, grappled with the larger problems of the housing and bettering of wage earners in all the various aspects in which those various problems present themselves, and have done noble and generous things along the line of a wiser and more brotherly consideration for their fellow men.

"But the whole movement is yet in its infancy and waits for guidance, enlightenment and, above all, co-ordination. As yet we have been but fumbling with social problems, whether in this country or elsewhere, unable or unwilling, apparent recognize that the radical changes in our industrial and social conditions which have brought with them demands upon wealth, experience, scientific sympathy and self-sacrifice which the favored classes are as yet but slow to recognize. The permanence, however, of our present social structure will depend upon their recognition; and of the appreciation of this fact I am glad to see that there is daily increasing evidence.

"Of course, in this larger aspect of a vast question, the saloon is a mere incident. Its causes, its phases, its relation to the home life, as well as the individual life of communities, the evils that feed it, the miseries that support it; a whole host of questions such as these wait for a consideration which as yet they have hardly had.

"Meantime, it may be well to relieve the minds of fanatical and hysterical people by saying that there is no one cure for so vast a mischief as the saloon stands for, and, generally, that, in dealing with humanity and its perverted instincts and appetites, the Divinest Teacher that the world has had would seem to have taught us a law of transformation, as that for the regeneration, whether of society or of the evil instincts of individuals—not extirpation.

"In this connection, I wonder if you have seen a remarkable book, 'Civilization and Progress,' by John Beattie Crozier? It is well worth reading and pondering. Very faithfully yours,

"H. C. POTTER."

The bishop's letter is dated at the Diocesan house in Lafayette place.

AMERICAN ENTERPRISE.

Missionaries Have Prepared the Way for Commercial Success in Turkey and the East.

London, March 21.—The Vienna correspondent of the Times says the Deutsche Zeitung publishes a long article showing that the United States are slowly obtaining a commercial footing in Turkey and the East. The writer warns Austria and other states of the danger with which they are threatened. America is described as a serious trade rival. The article goes on to point out that the United States have carefully prepared the ground by extensive missionary enterprise, have raised their minister at Constantinople to the rank of ambassador, have organized a direct line of steamers between New York and Constantinople, and appointed commercial statistics as to the growth of American trade.

Dyspepsia in its worst form will yield to the use of Carter's Little Nerve Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

SPAIN LACKS MANY MILLIONS.

Taxation Has Never Yet Produced Sums Now Required to Meet Annual Obligations.

London, March 21.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard in a despatch dealing elaborately with the plans of the Spanish government to reorganize the finances of the country says: "With all the contemplated reduction and a statement of the colonial and imperial debts, Spain will require about £35,000,000 for her future annual expenditure, and her taxation has never yet produced more than £31,000,000."

Madrid, March 21.—Don Carlos, the Spanish Pretender, is expected to issue a manifesto at an early date regarding his plans for the future. It is officially denied that the Carlists have succeeded in introducing arms into Spain.

Rome, March 21.—The Opinion revives the story that Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, has secured advances of several millions from the English and French bankers, and will soon enter Spain. The precise date is deferred until the ratifications of the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain have been exchanged, but according to the Opinion the Carlists and the Spanish republicans will start a revolution immediately after the exchange has been made.

RHODE'S AFRICAN SCHEMES.

Chancellor of Exchequer and Mr. Chamberlain Differ in Opinion of Them.

London, March 23.—Considerable dissension is reported between the chancellor of the exchequer and the secretary of state for the colonies, the former opposing and the latter favoring the African schemes of Mr. Cecil Rhodes.

The Chronicle says it is understood that Mr. Rhodes has sent the government a virtual ultimatum asking whether it intends to accede to his request to guarantee the interest on the Tangaynika section of the Cape to Cairo railway, failing which he intends to lay the situation before the chartered shareholders.

KHALIFA HARD PUSHED.

Short of Food and Ammunition for His Six Thousand Fighting Men.

London, March 23.—The Cairo correspondent of the Daily Telegraph sends the substance of an interview he has had with Sir William Garstin, under secretary of state for public works in England, who has just returned from a Nile tour. Sir William says that according to latest reports the Khalifa is in great straits for food and ammunition. He has only 6,000 fighting men and 1,000 rifles, while he is hampered with an enormous following of men women and children. Many of his followers are anxious to desert him, and 250 of them actually did surrender to Sir William Garstin's gunboat during the trip.

The Cairo correspondent of the Times says Sir William Garstin considers the possession of the Soudan south of Khartoum to be practically valueless to any civilized power, as the territory affords no field for the employment of capital.

The despatch of Lord Cromer, British diplomatic agent in Egypt, embodying the reply of the sirdar to questions regarding the useless slaughter of dervishes at the battle of Omdurman, and the demolition of the tomb of the Mahdi, announces, in addition to what has been cabled, that the skull of the Mahdi, when the rest of his remains had been dispersed, was reburied at Wady Halfa, on the Nile.

SHE REFUSED NAPOLEON.

Paris, March 22.—The death is announced at Mentone of Countess Czialynski, formerly Princess Czartoriski, who once refused the hand of Napoleon III.

A DEAD ADMIRAL.

Valparaiso, Chile, March 22.—The British gunboat Badger arrived here to-day en route for San Francisco with the exhumed remains of Admiral Spotts, of the Falkland Islands, a British colony in the South Atlantic.

A CABINET PUNISHED.

Yokohama, March 22.—According to a report from Seoul, capital of Corea, the whole Corean cabinet has been dismissed and two of the ministers banished because of whole sale changes made by the cabinet in provincial offices.

JAPAN AND THE STATES.

London, March 23.—The Vienna correspondent of the Times, discussing Chinese questions, says: Little love is lost between Japan and the United States. Certainly Japan is not anxious to see the Americans get a foothold in China, particularly on account of the Americans' protectionist policy.

MR. SPURGEON'S BROTHER.

London, March 22.—The Rev. James A. Spurgeon, brother of the late Rev. Chas. Haddon Spurgeon, was found dead in a railway carriage this evening on the arrival here of the Brighton Express. It is supposed that death resulted from appoplexy.

SUNDAY PAPERS.

London, March 23.—The Daily Mail announces its intention to publish a Sunday edition simultaneously with the Sunday edition of the Daily Telegraph. In making the announcement, it says it thinks a Sunday edition unnecessary, but inasmuch as the Daily Telegraph has begun the Daily Mail does not intend to be left behind.

WEYLER'S PAPER SUPPRESSED.

Madrid, March 22.—The government has ordered the prosecution of General Weyler's organ, El Nationale, and several republican anti-Carlist newspapers, for publishing with offensive comments a report that the Queen Regent was about to abdicate and to marry an Austrian grand duke. The offending papers have been seized. The affair is regarded as part of the campaign against the government, in view of the coming parliamentary election.

Women with pale, colorless faces, who feel weak and discouraged, will receive both mental and bodily vigor by using Carter's Iron Pills, which are made for the blood, nerves and complexion.

FAMOUS DRUNKARD DEAD.

Jane Cakebread the Cause of a Libel Suit Against Astor's Paper.

The announcement of the death of Jane Cakebread, celebrated for her frequent apearance in London police courts on the charge of drunkenness, recalls the fact that she was the cause of a libel suit for $25,000 damages brought against William Waldorf Astor by Lady Henry Somerset. Jane Cakebridge went to London from rural England about forty years ago and since then had been imprisoned more than 300 times for drunkenness. Finally, Lady Henry Somerset's sympathy was aroused and she prevailed upon Jane to go down to her temperance home at Redhill.

Within three weeks the woman became almost insane for want of strong drink and in the end her ladyship was obliged to release her. A few days later she was adjudged irresponsible and confined in an infirmary. It is said that the Pall Mall Gazette then hazarded the assertion that Jane's insanity was the result of association with the special temperance movement represented by Lady Henry Somerset. The ensuing suit for libel was settled out of court, the Pall Mall Gazette and a score of other journals paying certain costs.—Buffalo Express.

No Gripe
When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists. 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.
Hood's Pills

GRAND OPENING OF..
SPRING MILLINERY
...ON...
Tuesday, Wednesday
And following days at
THE STERLING, 88 YATES St.

MACONOCHIE'S
FISH
Of every description.
KIPPERED HERRINGS, HERRINGS IN
FINDON HADDOCKS, TOMATO SAUCE.
PRESERVED BLOATERS, FRESH HERRINGS.
JAMS, MARMALADES,
WORCESTER SAUCE.
MACONOCHIE BROS., LONDON, ENG.

Patronize Home Industry!
Patriotic Citizens are recommended to give the goods of the following firms the preference when buying.
Always insist on getting the Home-Made article, and keep your money in the Province

"Patronize Home Industry" by buying
B.C. BRAND HAMS AND BREAKFAST BACON.
For Sale by all Grocers. EARSMAN, HARDIE & CO., Packers.

If You Want To Make Money,
You should get a job in the Mint, but.....
If You Want To SAVE Money,
you shoule use
WHITE SWAN SOAP

DAWSON AND ATLIN TRADERS:
Get Okell & Morris's Prices on.....
JAMS, CANDIES AND PICKLES,
Always Pure Always Fresh.
Always Ready Sellers.
Come to our Factory and get Prices.
The Largest Factory in B C.

ST. ALICE WATER
FROM
Harrison Hot Springs
PER
THORPE & CO., LTD.
Sole Agents.
VICTORIA. - - VANCOUVER
NELSON.
Box 175 - - Tel. 435.

LENZ & LEISER
Importers of General Dry Goods
Gent's Furnishings, Etc,
Manufacturers of Clothing at our Factory by WHITE LABOR.
9 and 11 YATESST.
Special Lines Arrived Suitable for the Klondyke and Atlin Trade.
VICTORIA

Corby's Rye Whiskey.
In Bond and Duty Paid...
TURNER, BEETON & CO.

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd
Dealers In
HARDWARE
Iron, Steel, Nails, etc., Pipe, Fittings, etc.
Mill and Mining Supplies
Corner Wharf and Bastion Streets
Telephone 3.
P. O. Box 423.
VICTORIA, B. C.

THOMAS EARLE
WHOLESALE GROCER
and IMPORTER.
92, 94 and 97 Wharf Street,
VICTORIA, B.C.
Goods suitably packed for transportation by Sleighs or otherwise.
Requisite Custom House Papers prepared free of charge.
Klondike and Miners' Outfits.

Municipal Notice

Municipal Bye-Election, 1899

Public notice is hereby given to the electors of the SOUTH WARD of the City of Victoria, that I require the presence of the said electors at the Market Building, in the aforesaid city, on Wednesday, the 22nd day of March, 1899, from 12 (noon) to 2 p.m., for the purpose of electing a person to represent them in the Municipal Council as an Alderman.

The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows:

The candidates shall be nominated in writing, the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p.m. of the day of nomination, and in the event of a poll being necessary such poll shall be opened on Saturday, the 25th day of March, 1899, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., in the manner following:

For the office of Alderman for the SOUTH WARD, at room 5 of the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, of which every person is hereby required to take notice and to govern himself accordingly.

The persons qualified to be nominated for and elected as Alderman for the City of Victoria shall be such persons as are male British subjects of the full age of twenty-one years, and are not disqualified under any law, and have been for the six months next preceding the day of nomination the registered owner in the Land Registry Office of land or real property in the City of Victoria of the assessed value on the last Municipal Assessment Roll of Five Hundred Dollars, or more, over and above any registered incumbrance or charge, and who are otherwise duly qualified as Municipal voters.

Given under my hand at Victoria, British Columbia, the 14th day of March, 1899.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Returning Officer.

TO THE ELECTORS OF SOUTH WARD:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

At the request of a number of electors, I beg to announce myself a candidate for election as alderman for South Ward.

EDWARD BRAGG.

TO THE ELECTORS OF SOUTH WARD:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

At the request of a large number of electors, I offer myself as a candidate for alderman for above word, and respectfully solicit your vote and influence.

W. G. CAMBRON.

Tenders For Meters,

Tenders, sealed, endorsed and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to 4 o'clock p.m. on Tuesday, April 4th next, for supplying to the Corporation of the City of Victoria a quantity of meters in accordance with specifications to be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Wm. W. NORTHCOTT,
Purchasing Agent for the Corporation.
City Hall, Victoria, B. C., March 15th, 1899.

TENDERS.

Separate tenders, sealed and endorsed, will be received by the undersigned up to 4 o'clock, April 4th inst., for the following carbons and globes for the City Electric Lighting Department:

FIRST.

35,000 Carbons, 5-8 by 12 in. copper-coated.
5,000 Carbons, 5-8 by 12 in. Plain.
15,000 Carbons, 7-16 by 12 in. Plain.
5,000 Carbons, 7-16 by 12 in. copper-coated.
5,000 Carbons, 7-16 by 8 in. copper-coated.
15,000 Carbons, 7-16 by 8 in. Plain.

SECOND.

One gross Clear Arc Globes 12 x 12 x 2 1-2 top opening not less than 6 1-2 in., nor more than 8 in.

One dozen Ground Glass Globes, same size.

Specifications for carbons can be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Purchasing Agent for the Corporation.
City Hall, Victoria, B. C., March 6th, 1899.

W. F. BEST
ASSAYER AND ANALYTICAL CHEMIST
(Heidelberg and Leipzig.)
Late official analyist for the province of New Brunswick. Assays and analyses of ores, minerals, fertilizers, waters, drugs, liquors, foods, etc. Office, Board of Trade Building, Victoria, B.C.

MILLINERY OPENING
TUESDAY,
March 21st
Pattern Hats and Bonnets
Mrs. W. Bickford,
SOMERSET HOUSE
61-63 Fort St., - Victoria, B. C.

NOTICE

Frank Cullin is my duly authorized agent to collect all moneys owing me in connection with the delivery of the Daily Colonist from this date.

Dated January 26, 1899.

W. BRYCE.